# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2016

San Diego
Los Angeles
San Francisco
Bay Area



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# FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board La Mesa-Spring Valley School District La Mesa, California

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

**Heather Rubio** 

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for OPEB benefits, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, which is required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

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The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2016 on our consideration of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California

Christy White Associates

December 9, 2016

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **INTRODUCTION**

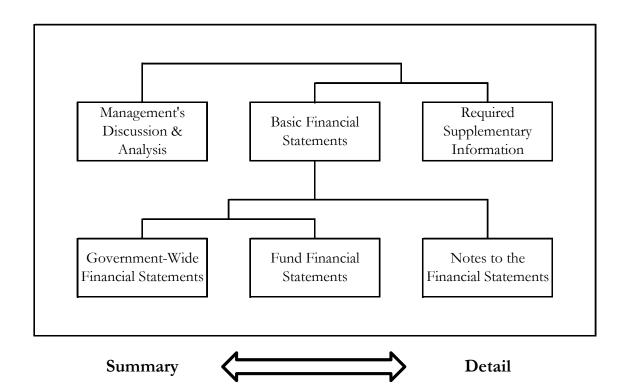
Our discussion and analysis of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position was (\$66,084,219) at June 30, 2016. This was an increase of \$1,491,844 from the prior year's restated net position.
- Overall revenues were \$139,449,002 which exceeded expenses of \$138,980,520. The District also had an extraordinary gain of \$1,023,362 from the sale of the Spring Valley Elementary site.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Components of the Financials Section



This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
  - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
  - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District had net position of \$(64,741,185) related to governmental activities and \$(1,343,034) related to business-type activities at June 30, 2016 as shown below:

	Gov	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>						
	2016	2015	Net Change		2016		2015	Net Change
ASSETS								
Current and other assets	\$ 24,747,500	\$ 18,140,177	\$ 6,607,323	\$	506,473	\$	502,581	\$ 3,892
Capital assets	67,160,472	70,824,578	(3,664,106)		-		-	
Total Assets	91,907,972	88,964,755	2,943,217		506,473		502,581	3,892
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11,164,966	7,705,124	3,459,842		376,434		-	376,434
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities	9,112,085	6,872,485	2,239,600		208,549		234,370	(25,821)
Long-term liabilities	148,931,201	135,080,511	13,850,690	-	1,819,779		-	1,819,779
Total Liabilities	158,043,286	141,952,996	16,090,290		2,028,328		234,370	1,793,958
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,770,837	22,561,157	(12,790,320)		197,613		-	197,613
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	35,966,316	35,913,730	52,586		-		-	-
Restricted	7,358,630	7,500,051	(141,421)		-		-	-
Unrestricted	(108,066,131)	(111,258,055)	3,191,924	(	1,343,034)		268,211	(1,611,245)
Total Net Position	\$ (64,741,185)	\$ (67,844,274)	\$ 3,103,089	\$ (	1,343,034)	\$	268,211	\$ (1,611,245)

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The following table takes the information from the Statement and rearranges slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and special items for the year.

The District's total revenues relating to governmental activities were \$135,126,757 primarily from federal and state aid and categorical programs and property taxes.

The District's total expenditures relating to governmental activities were \$134,695,845 predominately related to educating and caring for students.

	Gove	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					s		
	2016	2015	Net Change		2016		2015	Ne	t Change
REVENUES									
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 2,221,589	\$ 2,353,177	\$ (131,588)	\$	4,063,049	\$	3,780,493	\$	282,556
Operating grants and contributions	24,125,717	19,573,029	4,552,688		11,731		12,341		(610)
General revenues									
Property taxes	31,551,445	28,094,789	3,456,656		-		-		-
Unrestricted federal and state aid	75,279,675	63,590,855	11,688,820		-		-		-
Other	1,948,331	2,300,010	(351,679)		247,465		235,210		12,255
Total Revenues	135,126,757	115,911,860	19,214,897	4	4,322,245		4,028,044		294,201
EXPENSES									
Instruction	78,186,384	69,010,985	9,175,399		-		-		-
Instruction-related services	12,969,751	11,631,601	1,338,150		-		-		-
Pupil services	18,257,745	16,635,668	1,622,077		-		-		-
General administration	5,684,877	4,238,713	1,446,164		-		-		-
Plant services	10,993,709	9,672,869	1,320,840		-		-		-
Ancillary and community services	1,873,339	1,605,407	267,932		-		-		-
Debt service	1,614,329	1,658,371	(44,042)		-		-		-
Other Outgo	357,116	313,224	43,892		-		-		-
Depreciation	4,751,818	4,581,360	170,458		-		-		-
Other	6,777	16,784	(10,007)		4,284,675		4,016,852		267,823
Total Expenses	134,695,845	119,364,982	15,330,863	4	4,284,675		4,016,852		267,823
Transfers & special items	1,023,362	-	1,023,362		-		-		-
Change in net position	1,454,274	(3,453,122)	4,907,396		37,570		11,192		26,378
Net Position - Beginning*	(66,195,459)	(64,391,152)	(1,804,307)	(	1,380,604)		257,019		(1,637,623)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (64,741,185)	\$ (67,844,274)	\$ 3,103,089	\$ (	1,343,034)	\$	268,211	\$	(1,611,245)

<sup>\*</sup> Beginning Net Position was restated for both 2016 and 2015 years

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### Changes in Net Position (continued)

The net cost of services for governmental activities was \$108,348,539 in the current year compared to \$97,438,776 in the prior year as shown below:

	Net Cost of Services							
		2016		2015				
Instruction	\$	66,247,157	\$	59,629,032				
Instruction-related services		10,804,145		10,186,785				
Pupil services		9,001,187		7,794,683				
General administration		5,237,059		3,858,921				
Plant services		10,162,825		9,178,945				
Ancillary and community services		174,778		238,882				
Debt service		1,614,329		1,658,371				
Transfers to other agencies		357,116		313,224				
Depreciation		4,751,818		4,581,360				
Other		(1,875)		(1,427)				
<b>Total Expenses</b>	\$	108,348,539	\$	97,438,776				

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$16,152,453, which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$14,839,489. The District's General Fund had \$1,438,535 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016, and net other financing sources of \$633,130, leading to an increase in fund balance of \$2,071,665 from the prior year. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$269,862 from the prior year.

#### **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2015-16**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2015-16, the District had invested \$67,160,472 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. The District had multiple small projects in 2015-16 that were more than offset by the depreciation expense on capital assets, leading to a decrease in capital assets of \$3,664,106 from the prior year.

	Gov	ernmental Acti		es.				
	2016	2015	Net Change		2016	2015	No	et Change
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Land	\$ 16,068,467	\$ 16,201,920	\$ (133,453)	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Construction in progress	94,129	15,259	78,870		-		-	-
Land improvements	6,453,389	5,834,876	618,513		-		-	-
Buildings & improvements	95,619,548	99,109,775	(3,490,227)		-		-	-
Furniture & equipment	14,548,777	12,790,258	1,758,519		-		-	-
Accumulated depreciation	(65,623,838)	(63,127,510)	(2,496,328)		-		-	
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$ 67,160,472	\$ 70,824,578	\$ (3,664,106)	\$	-	\$	- \$	-

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At year-end, the District had \$150,750,980 in long-term liabilities— as shown below. This was an increase of approximately 12% from the prior year. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Gov	Business-Type Activitie					s		
	2016	2015	Net Change		2016		2015	Ne	t Change
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES									
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 40,357,821	\$ 41,865,761	\$ (1,507,940)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Capital leases	1,505,803	1,693,228	(187,425)		-		-		-
Compensated absences	863,616	872,745	(9,129)		-		-		-
Net OPEB obligation	13,166,133	11,979,663	1,186,470		-		-		-
Net pension liability	96,528,141	80,597,938	15,930,203		1,819,779		1,422,098		397,681
Less: current portion of long-term debt	(3,490,313)	(3,350,922)	(139,391)		-		-		-
<b>Total Long-term Liabilities</b>	\$148,931,201	\$133,658,413	\$ 15,272,788	\$	1,819,779	\$	1,422,098	\$	397,681

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The District continues to analyze the impact of the LCFF on funding for our program offerings and services. The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth. The State anticipates all school districts to reach the statewide targeted base funding levels by 2020-21 but the annual amount funded to meet the target is uncertain.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The State's economy is expected to grow faster than the national economy with unemployment dropping. Personal income is expected to grow 3.6%; according to the UCLA Anderson Economic Forecast, April 2016. The ability of the State to fund the LCFF and other programs is largely dependent on the strength of the State's economy and while positive remains uncertain.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, PERS and STRS, and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2016. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. To address the underfunding issues, the pension plans continue to raise employer rates in future years and the increased costs are significant.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, interdistrict transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Business Office, La Mesa-Spring Valley School District, 4750 Date Avenue; La Mesa, CA 91942.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	G	overnmental	overnmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Total
ASSETS		Activities		cuviues	Total
Cash and investments	\$	15,108,820	\$	742,162 \$	15,850,982
Accounts receivable		6,012,644		8,643	6,021,287
Internal balances		244,332		(244,332)	-
Inventory		227,914		-	227,914
Note receivable		3,153,790		-	3,153,790
Capital assets, not depreciated		16,162,596		-	16,162,596
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		50,997,876		_	50,997,876
Total Assets		91,907,972		506,473	92,414,445
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		10,284,665		376,434	10,661,099
Deferred amount on refunding		880,301		-	880,301
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		11,164,966		376,434	11,541,400
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities		5,434,876		208,549	5,643,425
Unearned revenue		186,896		-	186,896
Long-term liabilities, current portion		3,490,313		-	3,490,313
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		148,931,201		1,819,779	150,750,980
Total Liabilities		158,043,286		2,028,328	160,071,614
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		9,770,837		197,613	9,968,450
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,770,837		197,613	9,968,450
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		35,966,316		-	35,966,316
Restricted:					
Capital projects		243,670		-	243,670
Debt service		3,620,681		-	3,620,681
Educational programs		2,259,300		-	2,259,300
All others		1,234,979		-	1,234,979
Unrestricted		(108,066,131)		(1,343,034)	(109,409,165)
Total Net Position	\$	(64,741,185)	\$	(1,343,034) \$	(66,084,219)

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Program I	Reve	nues			Net (Exp Revenue Chang Net Pos	es and es in	
Function/Programs	Expenses	Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contribution		Grants and	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$ 78,186,384	\$	80,201	\$	11,859,026	\$	(66,247,157)			
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration	3,275,838		-		1,948,565		(1,327,273)			
Instructional library, media, and technology	3,280,057		-		22,569		(3,257,488)			
School site administration	6,413,856		-		194,472		(6,219,384)			
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation	3,829,487		-		268,045		(3,561,442)			
Food services	6,468,923		828,233		5,362,122		(278,568)			
All other pupil services	7,959,335		51,748		2,746,410		(5,161,177)			
General administration	, ,		,				, , ,			
Centralized data processing	593,048		_		_		(593,048)			
All other general administration	5,091,829		64,902		382,916		(4,644,011)			
Plant services	10,993,709		409,557		421,327		(10,162,825)			
Ancillary services	521,890		-		113,000		(408,890)			
Community services	1,351,449		782,677		802,884		234,112			
Enterprise activities	6,777		4,271		4,381		1,875			
Interest on long-term debt	1,614,329		-,		-,		(1,614,329)			
Other Outgo	357,116		_		_		(357,116)			
Depreciation (unallocated)	4,751,818		_		_		(4,751,818)			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 134,695,845	\$	2,221,589	\$	24,125,717		(108,348,539)			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	Ψ 10 1/0 7 0/0 10	Ψ	2,221,003	Ψ	21,120,11		(100)010)007)			
Enterprise activities	4,284,675		4,063,049		11,731			,	(209,895)	
Total Business-Type Activities	4,284,675		4,063,049		11,731		=		(209,895)	
Total School District	\$ 138,980,520	\$	6,284,638	¢	24,137,448		-		\$	(108,558,434)
Total School District	General revenues	ф	0,204,038	φ	24,137,440				φ	(100,330,434)
	Taxes and subveni	lion o								
	Property taxes, le		or conoral nur	2000			28,142,668			28,142,668
	Property taxes, le				•				-	3,368,363
					****		3,368,363		-	40,414
	Property taxes, le			•	*		40,414		-	
	Federal and state			spe	cinc purposes		75,279,675		-	75,279,675
	Interest and invest		earnings				286,385		-	286,385
	Interagency reven	ues					2,974		-	2,974
	Miscellaneous						1,658,972		247,465	1,906,437
	Subtotal, General R			,			108,779,451		247,465	109,026,916
	Change in net posit			x sp	ecial items		430,912		37,570	468,482
	Special and extrao		*				1,023,362		-	1,023,362
	Total Transfers & S	•					1,023,362		-	1,023,362
	CHANGE IN NET I						1,454,274		37,570	1,491,844
	Net Position - Begin	_	as restated			_	(66,195,459)		,380,604)	(67,576,063)
	Net Position - Endir	ıg				\$	(64,741,185)	\$ (1,	,343,034) \$	(66,084,219)

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

						Non-Major		Total
			Во	nd Interest &	G	Governmental	G	overnmental
	G	eneral Fund	Red	lemption Fund	Funds			Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	10,364,552	\$	3,801,196	\$	943,072	\$	15,108,820
Accounts receivable		4,999,901		-		1,012,743		6,012,644
Due from other funds		597,655		-		56,980		654,635
Stores inventory		149,158		-		78,756		227,914
Total Assets	\$	16,111,266	\$	3,801,196	\$	2,091,551	\$	22,004,013
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	\$	5,120,954	\$	-	\$	133,407	\$	5,254,361
Due to other funds		99,997		-		310,306		410,303
Unearned revenue		131,376		-		55,520		186,896
Total Liabilities		5,352,327		-		499,233		5,851,560
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		192,808		-		78,756		271,564
Restricted		2,224,387		3,801,196		1,513,562		7,539,145
Assigned		2,366,077		-		-		2,366,077
Unassigned		5,975,667		-		-		5,975,667
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		10,758,939		3,801,196		1,592,318		16,152,453
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	16,111,266	\$	3,801,196	\$	2,091,551	\$	22,004,013

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	16,152,453
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the			
statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental			
funds because:			
Capital assets:			
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement			
of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and			
accumulated depreciation:			
Capital assets	\$ 132,784,310		
Accumulated depreciation	 (65,623,838)		67,160,472
Deferred amount on refunding:			
In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized			
when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the			
government-wide financial statements:			880,301
government water interest statements.			000,001
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:			
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until			
the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide			
statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The			
additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period			
was:			(180,515)
W			
Note receivable:			
In governmental funds, receivables are recognized only to the extent that			
they are "available," meaning it will be collected in one year. In the			
government-wide statements, long-term receivables are recognized. The amount of receivables that were not recognized in governmental funds, but			
are recognized in the government-wide statements, is:			3,153,790
are recognized in the government wade statements, is.			0,100,70
Long-term liabilities:			
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the			
statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are			
reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist			
of:			
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 40,357,821		
Capital leases	1,505,803		
Compensated absences	863,616		
Net OPEB obligation	13,166,133		(450,404,544)
Net pension liability	 96,528,141		(152,421,514)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:			
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating			
to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods.			
In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources			
relating to pensions are reported.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 10,284,665		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	 (9,770,837)		513,828
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	•	\$	(64,741,185)
TOMATION OUT OUT CONTINUE THE THEORY THEORY		Ψ	(01,, 11,100)

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Non-Major	Total
			<b>Bond Interest &amp;</b>	Governmental	Governmental
	G	eneral Fund	Redemption Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES					
LCFF sources	\$	94,809,171	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,809,171
Federal sources		6,040,151	-	5,250,453	11,290,604
Other state sources		13,585,907	36,981	918,313	14,541,201
Other local sources		10,231,615	3,342,675	1,364,699	14,938,989
Total Revenues		124,666,844	3,379,656	7,533,465	135,579,965
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction		77,077,984	-	428,160	77,506,144
Instruction-related services					
Instructional supervision and administration		3,196,965	-	100,267	3,297,232
Instructional library, media, and technology		3,293,140	-	-	3,293,140
School site administration		6,401,774	-	50,220	6,451,994
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation		4,513,803	-	-	4,513,803
Food services		219	-	6,523,855	6,524,074
All other pupil services		8,023,078	-	-	8,023,078
General administration					
Centralized data processing		842,066	-	-	842,066
All other general administration		4,862,883	-	260,867	5,123,750
Plant services		11,206,558	-	421	11,206,979
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		827,987	-	1,210,220	2,038,207
Ancillary services		524,804	-	-	524,804
Community services		1,354,498	-	-	1,354,498
Enterprise activities		821	-	5,958	6,779
Debt service					
Principal		838,495	2,625,000	-	3,463,495
Interest and other		263,234	484,794	-	748,028
Total Expenditures		123,228,309	3,109,794	8,579,968	134,918,071
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		1,438,535	269,862	(1,046,503)	661,894
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		-	-	17,940	17,940
Other sources		651,070	-	-	651,070
Transfers out		(17,940)	-	-	(17,940)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		633,130	-	17,940	651,070
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,071,665	269,862	(1,028,563)	1,312,964
Fund Balance - Beginning		8,687,274	3,531,334	2,620,881	14,839,489
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	10,758,939			
The Duminet Liming	Ψ	10,, 00,,00,	Ψ 0,001,170	Ψ 1,072,010	Ψ 10,102,100

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

\$ 1,312,964

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

#### Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: Depreciation expense: 3,231,350

(4,751,818) (1,520,468)

#### Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

3,463,495

#### Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(651,070)

#### Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(146,717)

#### Note receivable payments:

In governmental funds, payments received for the long-term note receivable are recorded as revenues. In the government-wide statements, the principal portion of payments received for the long-term note receivable are recorded as a reduction of the note. The principal payments received during the period were:

(13,210)

#### Gain or loss from the sale of capital assets associated with sale:

The difference between the proceeds received from sale of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:

1,023,362

#### Continued on next page

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

40,360

#### Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(1,141,027)

#### Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

9,129

#### Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

(1,186,470)

#### Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

239,959

#### Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

23,967

#### Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,454,274

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

		Business-Type Activities	
	Child Care Fund		
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$	742,162	
Accounts receivable		8,643	
Due from other funds		50,222	
Total current assets		801,027	
Total Assets		801,027	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions		376,434	
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		376,434	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accrued liabilities		208,549	
Due to other funds		294,554	
Total current liabilities		503,103	
Non-current liabilities	_		
Net pension liability		1,819,779	
Total non-current liabilities		1,819,779	
Total Liabilities		2,322,882	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions		197,613	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		197,613	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		(1,343,034)	
Total Net Position	\$	(1,343,034)	

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities		
	Child Care Fund		
OPERATING REVENUE			
Charges for services	\$	4,312,252	
Other local revenues		5,741	
Total operating revenues		4,317,993	
OPERATING EXPENSE			
Salaries and benefits		3,590,637	
Supplies and materials		85,901	
Professional services		608,137	
Total operating expenses	-	4,284,675	
Operating income/(loss)		33,318	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)			
Interest income		4,252	
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		4,252	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		37,570	
Net Position - Beginning, as restated		(1,380,604)	
Net Position - Ending	\$	(1,343,034)	

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities Child Care Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities		_
Cash received from user charges	\$	4,412,365
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(4,481,701)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(69,336)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest received		4,252
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		4,252
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(65,084)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of year		807,246
End of year	\$	742,162
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	33,318
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		24,859
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		69,513
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(108,233)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(25,821)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(163,348)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		397,681
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		(297,305)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(69,336)

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Agency Funds			
				udent Body
	Peter Pan Fund			Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	100	\$	162,062
Total Assets	\$	100	\$	162,062
LIABILITIES				
Due to student groups	\$	-	\$	162,062
Due to other groups		100		_
Total Liabilities	\$	100	\$	162,062

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The La Mesa-Spring Valley School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

The District is the level of government primarily accountable for activities related to public education. The governing authority consists of elected officials who, together, constitute the Board of Education.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

The La Mesa-Spring Valley Educational Foundation is a nonprofit organization that supports the La Mesa Spring Valley School District. It was established in 1983 by a group of citizens. The foundation provides a formalized avenue for raising funds to directly support public education in the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District. The La Mesa-Spring Valley Educational Foundation is not a component unit of the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District as it does not meet the criteria noted above.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Government-Wide Statements (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Major Governmental Funds (continued)

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds

**Special Revenue Funds:** Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Child Development Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 et seq.) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

**Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Building Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

#### **Capital Project Funds (continued):**

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Enterprise Funds:** Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

**Child Care Fund:** The District maintains the childcare before and after school (parent paid) program in the Child Care Enterprise Fund.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

**Trust and Agency Funds:** Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

**Peter Pan Fund:** The Peter Pan Fund is an agency fund used to account for activities related to the theater program.

**Student Body Fund:** The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

#### Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

#### Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions (continued)

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

#### **Investments**

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

#### **Asset Class**

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

#### **Estimated Useful Life**

25-50 years 15-20 years 8 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

#### Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

*Unassigned* - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

#### G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

#### I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### J. New Accounting Pronouncements

**GASB Statement No. 72** – In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This standard addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 72 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 73 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This standard establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. A portion of this Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 73 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

**GASB Statement No. 75** – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* This standard's primary objective is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 80** – In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. This standard's primary objective is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-Type		Fiduciary	
		Activities	A	ctivities	Funds		
Investment in county treasury	\$	15,065,128	\$	742,162	\$	-	
Cash on hand and in banks		42		-		162,162	
Cash in revolving fund		43,650		-		-	
Total cash and investments	\$	15,108,820	\$	742,162	\$	162,162	

#### B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

**Investment in County Treasury** – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The San Diego County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

#### D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$15,826,219 and an amortized book value of \$15,807,290. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 310 days.

#### E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2016, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated AAAf/S1 by Standard and Poor's.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### F. <u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2016, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the San Diego County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Investment in county treasury \$ 15,826,219

Total fair market value of investments \$ 15,826,219

#### **NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES**

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

			I	Non-Major		Total				
			G	overnmental	Go	vernmental	Total	<b>Business-</b>		
	Ge	<b>General Fund</b>		Funds		Funds		Activities	Type	Activities
Federal Government						_				
Categorical aid	\$	2,228,592	\$	908,319	\$	3,136,911	\$	-		
State Government										
Categorical aid		285,474		91,607		377,081		-		
Lottery		1,345,103		-		1,345,103		-		
Local Government										
Other local sources		1,140,732		12,817		1,153,549		8,643		
Total	\$	4,999,901	\$	1,012,743	\$	6,012,644	\$	8,643		

#### **Notes Receivable**

The District had a note receivable outstanding at June 30, 2016 in the amount of \$3,153,790 related to the sale of the Spring Valley Elementary site. At June 30, 2016, the principal balance expected to be collected in less than a year was \$40,770, and the non-current portion of the note receivable was \$3,113,020. See Note 16 for further information regarding the sale.

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance							Balance		
	July 01, 2015			Additions		Deletions	June 30, 2016			
Governmental Activities										
Capital assets not being depreciated										
Land	\$	16,201,920	\$	-	\$	133,453	\$	16,068,467		
Construction in progress		15,259		94,129		15,259		94,129		
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		16,217,179		94,129		148,712		16,162,596		
Capital assets being depreciated										
Land improvements		5,834,876		640,413		21,900		6,453,389		
Buildings & improvements		99,109,775		639,590		4,129,817		95,619,548		
Furniture & equipment		12,790,258		1,872,477		113,958		14,548,777		
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		117,734,909		3,152,480		4,265,675		116,621,714		
Less Accumulated Depreciation										
Land improvements		3,001,674		200,701		21,900		3,180,475		
Buildings & improvements		52,228,271		3,444,180		2,146,206		53,526,245		
Furniture & equipment		7,897,565		1,106,937		87,384		8,917,118		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		63,127,510		4,751,818		2,255,490		65,623,838		
Governmental Activities										
Capital Assets, net	\$	70,824,578	\$	(1,505,209)	\$	2,158,897	\$	67,160,472		

#### **NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

#### Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

				Due From (	Other	Funds	
				on-Major vernmental		ner Enterprise d - Child Care	
Due To Other Funds	Ger	neral Fund	Funds		Fund		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	49,775	\$	50,222	\$ 99,997
Non-Major Governmental Funds		310,054		252		-	310,306
Other Enterprise Fund - Child Care Fund		287,601		6,953		-	294,554
Total Due From Other Funds	\$	597,655	\$	56,980	\$	50,222	\$ 704,857
Due from Child Care Enterprise Fund to General Fund Due from Cafeteria Fund to General Fund for square fo Due from General Fund to Child Care Enterprise Fund	otage, OPEB, and for ASES.	transfers of i					\$ 287,601 268,637 50,222
Due from General Fund to Cafeteria Fund for student of	harges and cateri	ing.					36,472
Due from Child Development Fund to General Fund for	r expenditures an	d indirect co	sts.				21,828
Due from Capital Facilities Fund to General Fund for e	xpenditures.						19,589
Due from General Fund to Child Development Fund for	r expenditures.						7,587
Due from Child Care Enterprise Fund to Cafeteria Fund	d for catering and	other relate	d costs	5.			6,953
Due from General Fund to Capital Facilities Fund for e	xpenditures.						5,716
Due from Child Development Fund to Cafeteria Fund fo	or expenditures.						 252
Total							\$ 704,857

#### **Interfund Transfers**

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the General Fund transferred \$17,940 to the Cafeteria Fund for student charges.

#### **NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major			Total			
			G	Governmental		C	Governmental	<b>Total Business-</b>		
	(	General Fund		Funds	District-Wide		Activities	Typ	e Activities	
Payroll	\$	1,292,718	\$	50,480	\$ -	\$	1,343,198	\$	207,538	
Construction		134,490		43,731	-		178,221		-	
Vendors payable		3,113,025		39,196	-		3,152,221		1,011	
Unmatured interest		-		-	180,515		180,515		-	
Due to grantor government		580,721		-	-		580,721		-	
Total	\$	5,120,954	\$	133,407	\$ 180,515	\$	5,434,876	\$	208,549	

#### **NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

			Non-Major			Total		
			G	Governmental		Governmental		
	Ger	neral Fund		Funds	Activities			
Federal sources	\$	131,376	\$	-	\$	131,376		
Local sources		-		55,520		55,520		
Total	\$	131,376	\$	55,520	\$	186,896		

#### NOTE 8 – TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES

In September 2015, the District issued \$11,705,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at approximately 0.39 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Repayment terms required that the amounts be deposited with the Fiscal Agent, where half of the payment was due by January 2016, and the remaining half was due by April 2016. By June 30, 2016, the District had paid off the notes in full.

#### **NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

		Restated Balance		D 1 4	Balance	Balance Due
	<u>J</u>	uly 01, 2015	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2016	In One Year
Governmental Activities						
General obligation bonds	\$	41,697,989	\$ 1,141,027	\$ 2,625,000	\$ 40,214,016	\$ 2,870,000
Unamortized premium		167,772	-	23,967	143,805	23,968
Total general obligation bonds		41,865,761	1,141,027	2,648,967	40,357,821	2,893,968
Capital leases		1,693,228	651,070	838,495	1,505,803	596,345
Compensated absences		872,745	-	9,129	863,616	-
Net OPEB obligation		11,979,663	1,186,470	-	13,166,133	-
Net pension liability		80,597,938	15,930,203	-	96,528,141	-
Total	\$	137,009,335	\$ 18,908,770	\$ 3,496,591	\$ 152,421,514	\$ 3,490,313
		Restated				
		Balance			Balance	Balance Due
	J	uly 01, 2015	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2016	In One Year
Business-Type Activities						
Net pension liability	\$	1,422,098	\$ 397,681	\$ -	\$ 1,819,779	\$ -
Total	\$	1,422,098	\$ 397,681	\$ -	\$ 1,819,779	\$ -

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for capital lease obligations are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for accumulated vacation are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

#### NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

#### A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2016 amounted to \$863,616. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### B. General Obligation Bonds

On March 5, 2002, the voters of the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District approved by more than 55% Proposition M, authorizing the issuance and sale of \$44,000,000 of general obligation bonds. On June 26, 2002, the District issued Series A of the Election of 2002 General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$31,330,140. On March 9, 2005, the District refunded a portion of the Series A bonds and issued Series B bonds. On March 26, 2014, the District issued 2014 Series A and B Refunding Bonds to refund a portion of the 2005 bonds.

- The remaining outstanding 2005 General Obligation Refunding Bonds consist of current interest serial bonds of \$735,000 with a stated interest rate of 4.125% and fully maturing on August 1, 2021. The principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2016 is \$735,000.
- The 2002 General Obligation Series B bond issue consists of: (a) current interest serial bonds of \$240,000 with a stated interest rate of 3.0% and fully maturing on August 1, 2005: and, (b) capital appreciation serial bonds of \$12,429,709 with a yield ranging from 4.9% to 5.2% and fully maturing on August 1, 2028. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2016 is \$21,643,816, which includes accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.
- The remaining outstanding 2002 General Obligation Series A bond issue consists of capital appreciation serial bonds of \$440,140 with a yield of 5.71% and fully maturing on February 1, 2027. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2016 is \$1,015,200, which includes accreted interest.
- The 2014 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds consist of tax-exempt current interest serial bonds of \$5,465,000 with stated interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.0% and fully maturing on August 1, 2021. The principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2016 is \$5,290,000.
- The 2014 Series B General Obligation Refunding Bonds consist of current interest serial bonds of \$11,950,000 with stated interest rates ranging from 0.657% to 3.349% and fully maturing on August 1, 2020. The principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2016 is \$11,530,000.

The net proceeds received for the 2014 Series A and Series B Refunding Bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the 2005 General Obligation Bonds that were advance refunded. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized as an expense over the life of the bond. Deferred charges on refunding of \$1,173,735 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$650,097 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$606,442. As of June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding on the defeased debt amounted to \$16,820,000.

#### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

#### B. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds payable outstanding at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 2,870,000	\$ 411,484	\$ 3,281,484
2018	3,065,000	360,298	3,425,298
2019	3,280,000	294,112	3,574,112
2020	3,525,000	209,663	3,734,663
2021	3,800,000	100,343	3,900,343
2022 - 2026	9,188,717	12,675,642	21,864,359
2027 - 2029	4,696,132	11,023,868	15,720,000
Accretion	9,789,167	(9,789,167)	-
Total	\$ 40,214,016	\$ 15,286,243	\$ 55,500,259

#### C. Capital Leases

The District has entered into various capital leases for copiers, equipment, vehicles, and computer hardware and software. Future minimum lease payments under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Lease Payment				
2017	\$	628,465			
2018		582,083			
2019		222,020			
2020		136,540			
Total minimum lease payments		1,569,108			
Less amount representing interest		(63,305)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,505,803			

#### D. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$82,020,036 and increased by \$16,327,884 during the year ended June 30, 2016. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2016 was \$98,347,920. See Note 12 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

#### **NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2016:

			Во	ond Interest &	Non-Major Governmental			Total Sovernmental		
	Ge	eneral Fund	Rec	lemption Fund	Funds			Funds		
Non-spendable										
Revolving cash	\$	43,650	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,650		
Stores inventory		149,158		-		78,756		227,914		
Total non-spendable		192,808		-		78,756		271,564		
Restricted										
Educational programs		2,224,387		-		34,913		2,259,300		
Capital projects		-		-		243,670		243,670		
Debt service		-		3,801,196		-		3,801,196		
All others		-		-		1,234,979		1,234,979		
Total restricted		2,224,387		3,801,196		1,513,562		7,539,145		
Assigned										
Site donations and mini-grants		280,411		-		-		280,411		
Additional board reserve		2,085,666		-		-		2,085,666		
Total assigned		2,366,077		-		-		2,366,077		
Unassigned										
Reserve for economic uncertainties		5,975,667		-		-		5,975,667		
Total unassigned		5,975,667		-		-		5,975,667		
Total	\$	10,758,939	\$	3,801,196	\$	1,592,318	\$	16,152,453		

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy targets a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, inclusive of the minimum required by California Education Code. The District also assigns an additional 2 percent reserve.

#### NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

#### A. Plan Description and Contribution Information

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, in 2009-10.

Membership of the plan as of the January 1, 2015 actuarial study consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	141
Active plan members	971
Total*	1,112
Number of participating employers	1

<sup>\*</sup>As of January 1, 2015 actuarial study

The District provides postemployment health care benefits, in accordance with District employment contracts, to all employees who retire from the District on or after attaining age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District provides medical benefits at the same level they are receiving at the time of retirement for a period of up to age 65 or Medicare eligibility, if earlier, except in the case of some individual employment contracts which provide lifetime medical benefits. As a result of the availability of national health insurance the district negotiated amendments to retiree health and dental benefits. Effective for all new retirements after March 2015 the district's contribution toward retiree health and dental benefits will be phased out. The district contribution toward retiree health and dental premiums will be reduced by 25% in five year increments beginning July 1, 2020 and finally ending on July 1, 2045. Employees retiring after July 1, 2035 are not eligible for retiree health benefits.

#### B. Funding Policy

The District's funding policy is based on the projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined annually by the governing board. For fiscal year 2015-16, the District contributed \$1,528,097.

As of June 30, 2016, the District has not established a plan or equivalent that contains an irrevocable transfer of assets dedicated to providing benefits to retirees in accordance with the terms of the plan and that are legally protected from creditors.

#### NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 2,914,854
Interest on net OPEB obligation	479,187
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(679,204)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	2,714,837
Contributions made	(1,528,097)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	1,186,740
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of the year	11,979,393
Net OPEB obligation, end of the year	\$ 13,166,133

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the preceding two years were as follows:

		Annual			
		OPEB	Percentage		Net OPEB
Year Ended June 30	,	Cost	Contributed	(	Obligation
2016	\$	2,714,837	56%	\$	13,166,133
2015	\$	2,722,768	55%	\$	11,979,393
2014	\$	3,446,260	46%	\$	10,758,021

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial evaluation consists of the following:

			Actuarial				
Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial Valua	tion	Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	<b>Funded Ratio</b>	Payroll	Covered Payroll
January 1, 201	15 \$	- \$	27,160,440	\$ 27,160,440	0%	\$ 68,895,080	39%

#### NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date	1/1/2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level-Dollar Basis
Remaining Amortization Period	29 years
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment rate of return	4.0%
Discount rate	4.0%
Health care trend rate	5.0-6.5%
Dental and vision trend rate	4.0%

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS**

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

				Deferred	Defe	erred inflows		
	N	et pension	out	flows related	1	related to		
		liability	t	o pensions		pensions	Pens	sion expense
STRS Pension	\$	73,338,752	\$	6,824,142	\$	7,203,808	\$	5,824,692
PERS Pension		25,009,168		3,836,957		2,764,642		2,215,054
Total	\$	98,347,920	\$	10,661,099	\$	9,968,450	\$	8,039,746

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

#### Benefits provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS

CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS

#### CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### Benefits provided (continued)

CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

#### Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 9.20% and 8.56% of their salary for fiscal year 2016, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2016 was 10.73% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$5,952,372 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$3,445,503 to CalSTRS (7.126% of 2013-14 creditable compensation subject to CalSTRS).

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 73,338,752
States's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	 38,788,011
Total	\$ 112,126,763

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.109 percent, which was an increase of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,824,692. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,005,505 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Resources	Of Resources		
Differences between projected and				
actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$	5,978,300	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	-		1,225,508	
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	871,770		-	
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date	5,952,372		-	
	\$ 6,824,142	\$	7,203,808	

The \$5,952,372 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflow	
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of	Resources
2017	\$	145,295	\$	1,698,826
2018		145,295		1,698,826
2019		145,295		1,698,826
2020		145,295		1,698,826
2021		145,295		204,251
2022		145,295		204,253
	\$	871,770	\$	7,203,808

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%
Investment Yield*	7.60%
Wage Inflation	3.75%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2006–June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance - PCA) as an input to the process. Based on the model from CalSTRS consulting actuary's (Milliman) investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that annual returns are lognormally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation by PCA is based on board policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of 10-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term*
	<b>Assumed Asset</b>	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	47%	4.50%
Private Equity	12%	6.20%
Real Estate	15%	4.35%
Inflation Sensitive	5%	3.20%
Fixed Income	20%	0.20%
Cash/Liquidity	1%	0.00%
	100%	

<sup>\* 10-</sup>year geometric average

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.60 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.60 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.60 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.60%)	D	iscount Rate (7.60%)	Increase (8.60%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 110,735,807	\$	73,338,752	\$ 42,258,781

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

#### Benefits provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

#### Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 6.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2016 was 11.847% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$2,335,190 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$25,009,168 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.170 percent, which was an increase of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,215,054. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		Deferred Inflows		
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	856 <i>,</i> 335	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions		1,429,311		- 1,536,633	
Changes in proportion and differences		-		1,330,033	
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		72,456		371,674	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,335,190		-	
	\$	3,836,957	\$	2,764,642	

The \$2,335,190 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	of	Resources
2017	\$	517,851	\$	867,848
2018		517,851		867,848
2019		466,065		814,861
2020				214,085
	\$	1,501,767	\$	2,764,642

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation 2.75% Investment Yield\* 7.65%

Wage Inflation Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table on the next page reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### Actuarial assumptions (continued)

	<b>Assumed Asset</b>	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10*	Years 11+**
Global Equity	51%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%	-1.05%
	100%		

<sup>\*</sup> An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

#### Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

		<b>1%</b>		Current		1%		
	Decrease					Discount Rate		Increase
		(6.65%)		(7.65%)		(8.65%)		
District's proportionate share of								
the net pension liability	\$	40,704,504	\$	25,009,168	\$	11,957,447		

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

<sup>\*\*</sup> An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

#### **NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

#### B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

#### C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$909,760.

#### NOTE 14 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The La Mesa-Spring Valley School District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers agreement (JPA), the San Diego County Schools Risk Management JPA (RM) and Facilities Joint Powers Authority (FACJPA). The relationship between the District and the JPA's is such that the JPA's are not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The RM JPA arranges for and provides workers' compensation, health, and property and liability insurance for its member school districts. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The governing board controls the operations of the JPA independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the governing board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to its participation in the JPA.

The FAC JPA consists of other districts within the county and the San Diego County Office of Education. The JPA is intended to provide members with the opportunity to achieve planning and construction savings by pooling the resources of its members and providing efficiencies and economies of scale which would potentially be unavailable if the members undertook planning and construction projects on an individual basis. The JPA also strives to develop alliances with SDCOE, Division of the State Architect, and the Office of Public School Construction.

The FAC JPA provides management of facilities planning and construction and expertise on a range of facilities and construction needs from technical support to master planning construction projects. Contracts for FACJPA services are negotiated on a case by case basis when the district utilizes FACJPA services.

Condensed audited financial information for the most currently available year is available from the JPA.

#### NOTE 15 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

#### **Refunded Debt**

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2016, the deferred amount on refunding was \$880,301.

#### **NOTE 16 – EXTRAORDINARY ITEM**

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District sold the Spring Valley Elementary site property to the San Diego Youth Services Foundation. The San Diego Youth Services Foundation financed the property through the District for a period of 35 years at an interest rate of 4.25 percent. The balance due is recorded as a note receivable in the Statement of Net Position. Payments received are deposited into the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. The gain on the sale of property of \$1,023,362 was classified as an extraordinary item in the Statement of Activities.

#### NOTE 17 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The beginning net position of Governmental and Business-Type Activities have been restated in order to record the District's business-type activities proportionate share of net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The effect on beginning net position is presented as follows:

	Governmental		Βυ	isiness-Type
	Activities			Activities
Net Position - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$	(67,844,274)	\$	268,211
Restatement		1,648,815		(1,648,815)
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$	(66,195,459)	\$	(1,380,604)

#### **NOTE 18 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In August 2016, the District issued \$8,620,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at approximately 0.77 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Repayment terms required that the amounts be deposited with the Fiscal Agent, where half of the payment will be due by January 2017, and the remaining half will be due by April 2017.

In September 2016, the District entered into a \$12,217,310 equipment lease/purchase agreement bearing interest at approximately 2.55 percent. The agreement was entered into for an energy efficiency project. Payments include principal and interest and were scheduled to continue until September 2032.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>				Actual*	Va	riances -	
	Original			Final	(Budgetary Basis)		Final to Actual	
REVENUES								_
LCFF sources	\$	93,735,033	\$	94,031,113	\$	94,809,171	\$	778,058
Federal sources		5,668,697		6,540,882		6,040,151		(500,731)
Other state sources		10,256,318		10,748,084		10,140,404		(607,680)
Other local sources		7,621,196		8,838,174		10,224,116		1,385,942
Total Revenues		117,281,244		120,158,253		121,213,842		1,055,589
EXPENDITURES								
Certificated salaries		54,821,301		55,261,073		56,030,052		(768,979)
Classified salaries		18,455,830		19,043,841		19,977,997		(934,156)
Employee benefits		21,784,453		22,710,005		22,395,341		314,664
Books and supplies		12,166,252		8,933,433		9,527,628		(594,195)
Services and other operating expenditures		4,149,130		9,141,142		9,199,907		(58,765)
Capital outlay		-		1,930,674		2,034,081		(103,407)
Other outgo								
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		566,274		747,015		867,363		(120,348)
Transfers of indirect costs		(229,294)		(229,294)		(249,563)		20,269
Total Expenditures		111,713,946		117,537,889		119,782,806		(2,244,917)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								_
Over Expenditures		5,567,298		2,620,364		1,431,036		(1,189,328)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		45,000		45,000		48,220		3,220
Other sources		-		-		651,070		651,070
Transfers out		(121,718)		(821,718)		(815,102)		6,616
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(76,718)		(776,718)		(115,812)		660,906
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		5,490,580		1,843,646		1,315,224		(528,422)
Fund Balance - Beginning		7,502,569		7,502,569		7,502,569		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	12,993,149	\$	9,346,215	\$	8,817,793	\$	(528,422)

<sup>\*</sup> The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- On behalf payments of \$3,445,503 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.
- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the
  amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the
  amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for other than Capital
  Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Act	tuarial Valuation	Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date		of Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
January 1, 2015	5 \$	-	\$ 27,160,440	\$ 27,160,440	0%	\$ 68,895,080	39%
July 1, 2013	3 \$	-	\$ 31,952,016	\$ 31,952,016	0%	\$ 68,910,407	46%
July 1, 2011	l \$	-	\$ 23,972,309	\$ 23,972,309	0%	\$ 66,898,045	36%

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	June 30, 2016		Jı	une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.109%		0.108%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	73,338,752	\$	62,830,893
States's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		38,788,011		37,940,006
Total	\$	112,126,763	\$	100,770,899
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	55,678,200	\$	50,079,904
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage				
of its covered-employee payroll		131.7%		125.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a				
percentage of the total pension liability.		76.5%		76.5%

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALPERS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	June 30, 2016		Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.170%		0.169%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	25,009,168	\$	19,189,143
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	20,927,505	\$	18,815,176
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		119.5%		102.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.		83.4%		83.4%

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Ju	ne 30, 2016	June 30, 2015			
Contractually required contribution	\$	5,952,372	\$	4,456,783		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(5,952,372)		(4,456,783)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$			
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	55,678,200	\$	50,079,904		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.69%		8.90%		

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on behalf contributions

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Ju	ne 30, 2016	June 30, 2015			
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,335,190	\$	2,221,323		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,335,190)		(2,221,323)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	20,927,505	\$	18,815,176		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.16%		11.81%		

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 45 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The schedule presents, for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations, information about the funding progress of the plan, including, for each valuation, the actuarial valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll, and the ratio of the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered-employee payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered-employee payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

#### **Schedule of District Contributions**

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered-employee payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered-employee payroll.

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	Expenditures and Other Uses					
		Budget		Actual		Excess
General Fund						
Certificated salaries	\$	55,261,073	\$	56,030,052	\$	768,979
Classified salaries	\$	19,043,841	\$	19,977,997	\$	934,156
Books and supplies	\$	8,933,433	\$	9,527,628	\$	594,195
Services and other operating expenditures	\$	9,141,142	\$	9,199,907	\$	58,765
Capital outlay	\$	1,930,674	\$	2,034,081	\$	103,407
Other outgo						
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	\$	747,015	\$	867,363	\$	120,348

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:   Passed through California Dipartment of Education:   Title I. part A. Tascher Quality   \$2,376,851   Title II. part A. Tascher Quality   \$1,436   \$1,431   \$1,4187   Title III. part A. Tascher Quality   \$1,436   \$1,437   \$	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected         84.07A         1432         \$2,376,851           Title II, Irant A, Teacher Quality         84.367A         14341         414.187           Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program         84.365         1546         19.235           Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program         84.365         1516         18.223           Subtotal Title III         10015         45.911         214.788           Title VIII, Immigrant Education Custer         384.041         10015         45.911           DEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611         84.027         10115         8.277           IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611         84.027         10115         8.277           IDEA Basic Local Cassistance Private School ISPs         84.027         10146         35.043           IDEA Basic Local Assistance Private School ISPs         84.027         10146         35.043           IDEA Basic Local Cassistance Private School ISPs         84.027         10469         23.049           IDEA Early Intervention Grants         84.173         10341         23.07           IDEA Early Intervention Grants         84.181         2361         25.10           IDEA Early Intervention Grants				
Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality         84.367A         14341         414,187           Title III         Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program         84.365         15146         196,035           Title III, Immigrant Education Program         84.365         15146         18,723           Subtotal Title III         84.041         10015         45,911           Title VII, Immigrant Education Cluster         84.027         10105         45,911           IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611         84.027         10115         8,277           IDEA Basic Local Assistance Private School ISPS         84.027         10115         8,277           IDEA Local Assistance, Private School ISPS         84.027         14468         35,043           Part B, Preschool Grants         84.027         14468         35,043           Part B, Preschool Grants         84.027         13682         224,942           Preschool Staff Development         84.173A         13431         873           Subtotal Special Education Cluster         84.181         23761         25,300           IDEA Early Intervention Grants         84.181         23761         25,300           Title X, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance         84.196         14332         43,044	Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title III.         84.365         14346         196.035           Title III., Ilminegrant Education Program         84.365         15146         18.723           Subtotal Title III.         214.758           Title VIII., Impact Aid         84.041         10015         45.911           Special Education Cluster         84.027         13379         20.67.981           IDEA Dasic Local Assistance Fattlement, Part B, Sec 611         84.027         10115         8.277           IDEA Basic Local Assistance Private School ISPs         84.027         10115         8.277           IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611         84.027         14468         35.043           Part B, Preschool Corants         84.173         13430         130.491           IDEA Preschool Caratis         84.173A         13431         873           Subtotal Special Education Cluster         2.467,607         2.467,607           IDEA Early Intervention Grants         84.181         23761         25,303           Title X, McKinney- Vento Homeless Assistance         84.181         23761         25,530           Title X, McKinney- Vento Homeless Assistance         84.196         14332         43,044           Total U. S. Department of Education:         10.553         135         9,27	Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 2,376,851
Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program         84.365         15146         18,723           Title III, Immigrant Education Program         84.365         15146         18,723           Subtoal Title III         214,758           Title VIII, Impact Aid         84.041         10015         45,911           Special Education Cluster         IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Scc 611         84.027         11379         2,067,981           IDEA Local Assistance, Private School ISPs         84.027         1016         8,777           IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Scc 611         84.027         1146         35,043           Part B, Preschool Crants         84.173         13430         130,491           IDEA Preschool Crants         84.173         13682         224,942           Preschool Staff Development         84.173         13431         873           Subtotal Special Education Cluster         24,67,607         10EA Early Intervention Grants         84.181         23761         25,130           Title X, McKinney-Vento Iromeless Assistance         84.181         23761         25,130           Title X, McKinney-Vento Iromeless Assistance         84.196         14332         43,044           Tolal U. S. Department of Education:         10.555	Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality	84.367A	14341	414,187
Title III, Immigrant Education Program         84.365         15146         18,723           Subtotal Title III         214,758           Title VIII, Impact Aid         84.041         10015         45,911           Special Education Cluster         84.027         13379         2,067,981           IDEA Basic Local Assistance Private School ISPs         84.027         10115         8,277           IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611         84.027         14468         35,043           Part B, Preschool Grants         84.173         13430         130,491           IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611         84.027         13682         224,945           Preschool Staff Development         84.173A         13431         873           Subtotal Special Education Cluster         84.181         23761         25,130           IDEA Early Intervention Grants         84.181         23761         25,130           Title X, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance         84.196         14332         43,044           Total U. S. Department of Education:         C.         45,073           U. S. Department of Education:         C.         45,073           Child Auturition Cluster         10,555         1339         2,96,10           Sub	Title III			
Subtotal Title III	Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	84.365	14346	196,035
Title VIII, Impact Aid         84.041         10015         45,911           Special Education Cluster	Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	18,723
Special Education Cluster   IDBA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	Subtotal Title III			214,758
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611   S4.027   13379   2,067,981   IDEA Local Assistance, Private School ISPs   S4.027   11468   35,043   10161   10162   11468   35,043   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   10162   10164   1016	Title VIII, Impact Aid	84.041	10015	45,911
IDEA Local Assistance, Private School ISPs   84.027   10115   8.277   IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611   84.027   14468   35.043   130.491   14468   35.043   130.491   14468   130.491   14468   130.491   14468   130.491   14468   130.491   14468   130.491   14468   130.491   14468   130.491   14468   143.60   143.	Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611	IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	2,067,981
Part B, Preschool Grants         84.173         13430         130.491           IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611         84.027A         13682         224,942           Preschool Staff Development         81.73A         13431         873           Subtotal Special Education Cluster	IDEA Local Assistance, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	8,277
DEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	14468	35,043
Preschool Staff Development         84.173A         13431         873           Subtotal Special Education Cluster         2,467,607           IDEA Early Intervention Grants         84.181         23761         25,130           Title X, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance         84.196         14332         43,044           Total U. S. Department of Education         5,587,488           U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE         Very Comparison of Education:         Very Comparison of Education:           Child Nutrition Cluster         10.553         13526         799,427           National School Lunch Program         10.555         1391         3,296,310           Meal Supplements         10.555         3         91,607           USDA Commodities         10.555         3         417,303           Summer Food Service Program for Children         10.559         13004         72,453           Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster         10.558         13666         537,665           Total U. S. Department of Agriculture         5214,785         5214,785           U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:         Very Comparison of Health Services:         Very Comparison of Health Services:           Medi-Cal Billing Option         93.778         10013         105,443	Part B, Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	130,491
Subtotal Special Education Cluster	IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	13682	224,942
IDEA Early Intervention Grants	Preschool Staff Development	84.173A	13431	873
Title X, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance         84.196         14332         43,044           Total U. S. Department of Education         5,587,488           U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.           Passed through California Department of Education:           Child Nutrition Cluster           Especially Needy School Breakfast         10,553         13526         799,427           National School Lunch Program         10,555         13391         3,296,310           Meal Supplements         10,555         *         91,607           USDA Commodities         10,555         *         417,303           Summer Food Service Program for Children         10,559         13004         72,453           Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster         10,559         13004         72,453           Ghild and Adult Food Care Program         10,558         13666         537,685           Total U. S. Department of Agriculture         5,214,785           U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:           Passed through California Department of Education:           CCDF, General Child Development Program         93,596         13609         35,668           Passed through California Department of Health Services:         93,778         10013         105,4	Subtotal Special Education Cluster			2,467,607
Total U. S. Department of Education	IDEA Early Intervention Grants	84.181	23761	25,130
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:  Passed through California Department of Education:  Child Nutrition Cluster  Especially Needy School Breakfast 10.553 13526 799,427 National School Lunch Program 10.555 13391 3,296,310 Meal Supplements 10.555 * 91,607 USDA Commodities 10.555 * 91,607 USDA Commodities 10.555 * 417,303 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 13004 72,453 Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster 10.559 13004 72,453 Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster 10.559 13066 537,685 Total U. S. Department of Agriculture 10.558 13666 537,685 Total U. S. Department of Agriculture 52,214,785  U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:  Passed through California Department of Education: CCDF, General Child Development Program 93.596 13609 35,668  Passed through California Department of Health Services:  Medi-Cal Billing Option 93.778 10013 105,443 Medi-Cal Administrative Activities 93.778 10060 230,995 Subtotal Medicaid 93.778 10060 336,438 Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services 372,106	Title X, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance	84.196	14332	43,044
Passed through California Department of Education:   Child Nutrition Cluster   Especially Needy School Breakfast   10.553   13526   799,427     National School Lunch Program   10.555   13391   3,296,310     Meal Supplements   10.555   * 91,607     USDA Commodities   10.555   * 417,030     Summer Food Service Program for Children   10.559   13004   72,453     Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster   4,677,100     Child and Adult Food Care Program   10.558   13666   537,685     Total U. S. Department of Agriculture   5,214,785     U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:   72,447,448     Passed through California Department of Education:   5,214,785     Passed through California Department of Health Services:   8,268     Medi-Cal Billing Option   93.778   10013   105,443     Medi-Cal Administrative Activities   93.778   10060   230,995     Subtotal Medicaid   336,438     Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services   372,106	Total U. S. Department of Education			5,587,488
Child Nutrition Cluster   Especially Needy School Breakfast   10.553   13526   799,427   National School Lunch Program   10.555   13391   3,296,310   Meal Supplements   10.555   * 91,607   USDA Commodities   10.555   * 417,303   3296,310   Meal Supplements   10.555   * 91,607   USDA Commodities   10.555   * 417,303   3200   72,453   3004   3004	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Especially Needy School Breakfast         10.553         13526         799,427           National School Lunch Program         10.555         13391         3,296,310           Meal Supplements         10.555         *         91,607           USDA Commodities         10.555         *         417,303           Summer Food Service Program for Children         10.559         13004         72,453           Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster         4,677,100         4,677,100           Child and Adult Food Care Program         10.558         13666         537,685           Total U. S. Department of Agriculture         5,214,785         5,214,785           U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:         *         *         5,214,785           Passed through California Department of Education:         *         *         *         \$           CCDF, General Child Development Program         93.596         13609         35,668         *           Passed through California Department of Health Services:         *         *         *         *           Medicaid         93.778         10013         105,443         *         *         *         *         336,438         *         *         336,438         *         *         332,106	Passed through California Department of Education:			
National School Lunch Program       10.555       13391       3,296,310         Meal Supplements       10.555       *       91,607         USDA Commodities       10.555       *       417,303         Summer Food Service Program for Children       10.559       13004       72,453         Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster       4,677,100         Child and Adult Food Care Program       10.558       13666       537,685         Total U. S. Department of Agriculture       5,214,785     U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:  Passed through California Department of Education:  CCDF, General Child Development Program       93.596       13609       35,668         Passed through California Department of Health Services:  Medicaid  Medi-Cal Billing Option       93.778       10013       105,443         Medi-Cal Administrative Activities       93.778       10060       230,995         Subtotal Medicaid       336,438         Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services       372,106	Child Nutrition Cluster			
Meal Supplements       10.555       *       91,607         USDA Commodities       10.555       *       417,303         Summer Food Service Program for Children       10.559       13004       72,453         Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster       4,677,100         Child and Adult Food Care Program       10.558       13666       537,685         Total U. S. Department of Agriculture       5,214,785         U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:       Passed through California Department of Education:         CCDF, General Child Development Program       93.596       13609       35,668         Passed through California Department of Health Services:       Medicaid         Medi-Cal Billing Option       93.778       10013       105,443         Medi-Cal Administrative Activities       93.778       10060       230,995         Subtotal Medicaid       336,438         Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services       372,106	Especially Needy School Breakfast	10.553	13526	799,427
10.505   1	National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	3,296,310
Summer Food Service Program for Children         10.559         13004         72,453           Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster         4,677,100           Child and Adult Food Care Program         10.558         13666         537,685           Total U. S. Department of Agriculture         5,214,785           U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:         ***         ***           Passed through California Department of Education:         ***         ***           CCDF, General Child Development Program         93.596         13609         35,668           Passed through California Department of Health Services:         ***         ***           Medicaid         93.778         10013         105,443           Medi-Cal Administrative Activities         93.778         10060         230,995           Subtotal Medicaid         336,438           Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services         372,106	Meal Supplements	10.555	*	91,607
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster  Child and Adult Food Care Program  Total U. S. Department of Agriculture  U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:  Passed through California Department of Education:  CCDF, General Child Development Program  Passed through California Department of Health Services:  Medicaid  Medi-Cal Billing Option  Medi-Cal Administrative Activities  Subtotal Medicaid  Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services  372,106	USDA Commodities	10.555	*	417,303
Child and Adult Food Care Program  Total U. S. Department of Agriculture  U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:  Passed through California Department of Education:  CCDF, General Child Development Program 93.596  Passed through California Department of Health Services:  Medicaid  Medi-Cal Billing Option 93.778 10013 105,443 Medi-Cal Administrative Activities 93.778 10060 230,995 Subtotal Medicaid Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services 372,106	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	13004	72,453
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture  U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:  Passed through California Department of Education:  CCDF, General Child Development Program 93.596 13609 35,668  Passed through California Department of Health Services:  Medicaid  Medi-Cal Billing Option 93.778 10013 105,443  Medi-Cal Administrative Activities 93.778 10060 230,995  Subtotal Medicaid 93.778 36,438  Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services 372,106	Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			4,677,100
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:  Passed through California Department of Education:  CCDF, General Child Development Program 93.596 13609 35,668  Passed through California Department of Health Services:  Medicaid  Medi-Cal Billing Option 93.778 10013 105,443  Medi-Cal Administrative Activities 93.778 10060 230,995  Subtotal Medicaid 336,438  Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services 372,106	Child and Adult Food Care Program	10.558	13666	537,685
Passed through California Department of Education:  CCDF, General Child Development Program 93.596 13609 35,668  Passed through California Department of Health Services:  Medicaid  Medi-Cal Billing Option 93.778 10013 105,443  Medi-Cal Administrative Activities 93.778 10060 230,995  Subtotal Medicaid 336,438  Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services 372,106	Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			5,214,785
CCDF, General Child Development Program 93.596 13609 35,668  Passed through California Department of Health Services:  Medicaid  Medi-Cal Billing Option 93.778 10013 105,443  Medi-Cal Administrative Activities 93.778 10060 230,995  Subtotal Medicaid 336,438  Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services 372,106	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Health Services:  Medicaid  Medi-Cal Billing Option 93.778 10013 105,443  Medi-Cal Administrative Activities 93.778 10060 230,995  Subtotal Medicaid 336,438  Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services 372,106	Passed through California Department of Education:			
Medicaid       93.778       10013       105,443         Medi-Cal Billing Option       93.778       10060       230,995         Subtotal Medicaid       336,438         Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services       372,106	CCDF, General Child Development Program	93.596	13609	35,668
Medi-Cal Billing Option         93.778         10013         105,443           Medi-Cal Administrative Activities         93.778         10060         230,995           Subtotal Medicaid         336,438           Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services         372,106	Passed through California Department of Health Services:			
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities93.77810060230,995Subtotal Medicaid336,438Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services372,106	Medicaid			
Subtotal Medicaid  Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services  336,438 372,106	Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	105,443
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services 372,106	Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	93.778	10060	230,995
• — — —	Subtotal Medicaid			336,438
Total Federal Expenditures \$ 11,174,379	Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			372,106
	Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 11,174,379

 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{\ensuremath{\ast}}$  - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Second	
	Period	Annual
	Report	Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		_
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	5,322.50	5,347.26
Extended Year Special Education	5.69	5.69
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.91	0.81
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.13	0.13
Total TK/K through Third	5,329.23	5,353.89
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	4,010.74	4,008.22
Extended Year Special Education	3.71	3.71
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	5.87	6.24
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.64	0.64
Community Day School	1.97	2.73
Total Fourth through Sixth	4,022.93	4,021.54
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	2,310.42	2,305.53
Extended Year Special Education	1.67	1.67
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	14.29	14.11
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.31	1.31
Community Day School	17.47	18.54
Total Seventh through Eighth	2,345.16	2,341.16
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	11,697.32	11,716.59

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		2015-16		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
<b>Grade Level</b>	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	54,250	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,250	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,250	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,250	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,250	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,250	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	54,250	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	62,635	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	62,635	180	Complied

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2	017 (Budget)	2016 2015		2015		2014
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**							_
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	121,598,307	\$ 121,913,132	\$	101,977,754 \$	5	96,421,136
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		119,614,816	120,597,908		103,350,012		98,429,492
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	1,983,491	\$ 1,315,224	\$	(1,372,258) \$	5	(2,008,356)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	10,801,284	\$ 8,817,793	\$	7,502,569 \$	5	8,874,827
Available Reserves*	\$	5,702,259	\$ 5,975,667	\$	4,578,148	5	3,928,949
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		4.77%	4.96%		4.43%		3.99%
Long-term Debt	\$	148,931,201	\$ 154,241,293	\$	138,431,433	5	57,612,118
Average Daily Attendance At P-2		11,735	11,697		11,627		11,562

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$57,034 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2016-17 budget projects an increase of \$1,983,491. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2016-17 fiscal year. Total long term obligations have increased by \$96,629,175 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 135 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 38 ADA is anticipated during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup> Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for other than Capital Outlay Projects.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for other than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54. On behalf payments of \$3,445,503 are also not included in the revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Sp	ecial Reserve		
		Fu	ınd for Other	0	ther Enterprise
	General	T	han Capital		Fund - Child
	 Fund	Οι	ıtlay Projects		Care Fund
June 30, 2016, annual financial and budget report fund balance	\$ 8,817,793	\$	1,941,146	\$	297,924
Adjustments and reclassifications:					
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:					
Increase for allocation of net pension liability	-		-		(1,664,557)
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)	 1,941,146		(1,941,146)		-
Net adjustments and reclassifications	 1,941,146		(1,941,146)		(1,664,557)
June 30, 2016, audited financial statement fund balance	\$ 10,758,939	\$	-	\$	(1,366,633)

	De	Child evelopment Fund	Ca	Capital Facilities Cafeteria Fund Fund		Special Reserve Capital Facilities Fund for Capital Fund Outlay Projects			C	Non-Major Governmental Funds	
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	27,345	\$	615,963	\$	206,248	\$	93,516	\$	943,072	
Accounts receivable		28,725		982,508		1,398		112		1,012,743	
Due from other funds		7,587		43,677		5,716		-		56,980	
Stores inventory		-		78,756		-		-		78,756	
Total Assets	\$	63,657	\$	1,720,904	\$	213,362	\$	93,628	\$	2,091,551	
LIABILITIES											
Accrued liabilities	\$	6,664	\$	83,012	\$	43,731	\$	-	\$	133,407	
Due to other funds		22,080		268,637		19,589		-		310,306	
Unearned revenue		-		55,520		-		-		55,520	
Total Liabilities		28,744		407,169		63,320		-		499,233	
FUND BALANCES											
Non-spendable		-		78,756		-		-		78,756	
Restricted		34,913		1,234,979		150,042		93,628		1,513,562	
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		34,913		1,313,735		150,042		93,628		1,592,318	
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balance</b>	\$	63,657	\$	1,720,904	\$	213,362	\$	93,628	\$	2,091,551	

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Child					Special Reserve		Non-Major
	D	evelopment	_		Ca	apital Facilities	Fund for Capital	Go	vernmental
		Fund	Ca	feteria Fund		Fund	Outlay Projects		Funds
REVENUES									
Federal sources	\$	35,668	\$	5,214,785	\$	-	\$ -	\$	5,250,453
Other state sources		585,931		332,382		-	-		918,313
Other local sources		562		915,781		380,098	68,258		1,364,699
Total Revenues		622,161		6,462,948		380,098	68,258		7,533,465
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Instruction		428,160		-		-	-		428,160
Instruction-related services									
Instructional supervision and administration		100,267		-		-	-		100,267
School site administration		50,220		-		-	-		50,220
Pupil services									
Food services		-		6,523,855		-	-		6,523,855
General administration									
All other general administration		14,936		234,627		11,304	-		260,867
Plant services		421		-		-	-		421
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		-		-		1,210,220	-		1,210,220
Enterprise activities		-		5,958		-	-		5,958
Total Expenditures		594,004		6,764,440		1,221,524	-		8,579,968
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		28,157		(301,492)		(841,426)	68,258		(1,046,503)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		-		17,940		-	-		17,940
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-		17,940		-	-		17,940
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		28,157		(283,552)		(841,426)	68,258		(1,028,563)
Fund Balance - Beginning		6,756		1,597,287		991,468	25,370		2,620,881
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	34,913	\$	1,313,735	\$	150,042	\$ 93,628	\$	1,592,318

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2016

La Mesa-Spring Valley School District was formed in 1915 and is located in the eastern portion of San Diego County. The District encompasses approximately 26 square miles including the City of La Mesa, a portion of the City of El Cajon and the unincorporated communities of Mt. Helix, Casa de Oro, and Spring Valley. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District currently operates sixteen elementary schools (grades K-6), one middle school (grades 7-8), one literacy academy (grades K-3), and three specialty academies (grades 4-8).

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

	GG VEIG VII (G BG) III B	
Member	Office	Term Expires
Bob Duff	President	December, 2018
Emma Turner	Vice President	December, 2016
David Chong	Clerk	December, 2018
Steve Babbitt	Member	December, 2016
Rick Winet	Member	December, 2018

#### **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

Brian E. Marshall Superintendent

Guido Magliato
Assistant Superintendent, Learning Support

Tina Sardina Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

David Feliciano
Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

#### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2016 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2016.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 11,290,604
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	(116,225)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 11,174,379

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### **Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)**

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program. As of June 30, 2016, the District had not yet met its target funding.

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

#### **Combining Statements - Non-Major Funds**

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

#### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

# OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

**Heather Rubio** 

SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES SAN FRANCISCO/BAY AREA

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Licensed by the California

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board La Mesa-Spring Valley School District La Mesa, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2016.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 9, 2016

Christy White Associates



# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board La Mesa-Spring Valley School District La Mesa, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

**Heather Rubio** 

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State Board of Accountancy

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, La Mesa-Spring Valley School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 9, 2016

Christy White Associates



#### REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board La Mesa-Spring Valley School District La Mesa, California

#### Report on State Compliance

We have audited La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel that could have a direct and material effect on each of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, as identified below.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with those requirements.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

**Heather Rubio** 

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#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item #2016-1. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to this matter.

La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, La Mesa-Spring Valley School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	<b>PROCEDURES</b>
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	Not Applicable
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No

(Continued on the next page)

#### Procedures Performed (continued)

	<b>PROCEDURES</b>
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
After School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for	
charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for Independent Study, because the reported Average Daily Attendance was below the threshold required for testing. We did not perform testing for California Clean Energy Jobs Act, because the District incurred no expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2016.

San Diego, California December 9, 2016

Christy White Associates

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Tryng of auditors' rement issued.	Unmodified
Type of auditors' report issued:	
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Jone Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
Internal control over major program:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Jone Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>	
84.027, 84.173, 84.027A, 84.173A Special Education Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$	750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes
<u> </u>	Unmodified

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

**FIVE DIGIT CODE** 

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

20000 30000 Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

<b>FIVE DIGIT CODE</b>	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

#### FINDING #2016-1 – UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as free or reduced price meal eligible (FRPM) and who are not directly certified on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Condition: One (1) out of 60 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who was classified as FRPM did not have proper supporting documentation to justify their designation. The student in question was selected for NSLP Income Verification and was changed to "Paid" status as a result of verification procedures. Upon further testing of 100% of the NSLP Income Verification sample selected for 2015-16, we identified an additional 28 students without proper supporting documentation for a total of 29 ineligible students.

Cause: Incorrect classification of students.

**Effect:** The District is not in compliance with State requirements.

**Context:** 29 of 22,630 (7,519 in 2013-14, 7,467 in 2014-15 and 7,644 in 2015-16) students reported in the District's Unduplicated Pupil Count did not have proper supporting documentation to support their FRPM designation.

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# FINDING #2016-1 – UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

**Questioned Cost:** \$25,890, as calculated below:

UPP /	Audit Adjustment	Section 1: Regular UPP	Section 2: Alternate UPP*
1	Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	36,448	36,488
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	22,630	22,578
3	Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment		(29)
4	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count	22,601	22,549
5	UPP calculated as of P-2	0.6209	0.6188
6	Revised UPP for audit finding	0.6201	0.6180
7	Greater of Revised UPP for audit finding from Section 1 or 2		0.6201
8	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap		-
9	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap		0.6201
LCFF	Target Base Grant Funding	Estimated Values	
10	Total Base Grant Funding as of P-2	\$87,965,861	
LCFF	Target Supplemental Grant Funding Audit Adjustment		
11	Target Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$10,923,601	
12	Revised Target Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding	\$10,909,526	
13	Target Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment	(\$14,075)	
LCFF	Target Concentration Grant Funding Audit Adjustment		
14	Target Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$3,118,389	
15	Revised Target Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding	\$3,083,203	
16	Target Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment	(\$35,186)	
Estim	ated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded at	LCFF Target	
17	Total Target Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment	(\$49,261)	
Estim	ated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded on	LCFF Floor and G	ар
18	Statewide Gap Funding Rate as of P-2	0.5255761597	
21	Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment	(\$25,890)	

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

### FINDING #2016-1 – UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District ensure that all changes in FRPM eligibility based on outcome of NSLP Income Verification are accurately reflected in the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report following the completion of procedures and prior to the close of the fall amendment window.

**District Response:** The District has implemented the following procedure to ensure that students are reported accurately in CALPADS for the LCFF unduplicated count.

The Child Nutrition Department will provide a list of all students determined to be ineligible for Free/Reduced Price Meals as a result of the SFA verification. The Information Systems Department will review the list prior to certification to make sure each student does not have a Free/Reduced Price Meal Program record in CALPADS that is open on Census Day. In addition, each year the Internal Auditor will conduct an audit of the CALPADS 1.18 report to make sure no student is included in the unduplicated count if found to be ineligible during the verification process.

The District also reported a correction to the Unduplicated Pupil Count in the 2015-16 Principal Apportionment Data Collection Software.

#### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

There were no prior audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2015.