# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2021



LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOLS

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2021

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# **FINANCIAL SECTION**



# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Governing Board La Mesa-Spring Valley School District La Mesa, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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# **Emphasis of Matter**

## Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 and Note 17 to the basic financial statements, the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which established accounting and financial reporting standards for the identification and reporting of fiduciary activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2022 on our consideration of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

hristy White, Inc.

San Diego, California January 20, 2022

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# INTRODUCTION

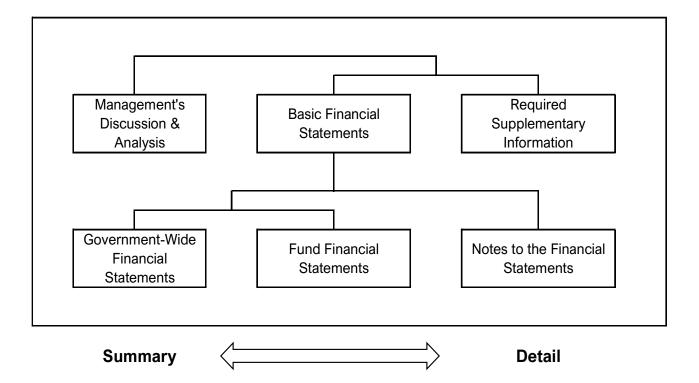
Our discussion and analysis of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's total net position was \$(119,185,669) at June 30, 2021. This was a decrease of \$(4,387,678) from the prior year, after restatement.
- Overall revenues were \$166,450,945 which were exceeded by expenses of \$170,838,623.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Components of the Financial Section**



# **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

#### **Components of the Financial Section (continued)**

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
  - ▶ **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

# **Net Position**

The District had net position of \$(115,981,401) related to governmental activities and \$(3,204,268) related to business-type activities at June 30, 2021, as shown below:

	Governmental Activities						es				
	2021		2020		Net Change		2021		2020		et Change
ASSETS											
Current and other assets	\$ 53,391,069	\$	33,974,594	\$	19,416,475	\$	94,305	\$	997,239	\$	(902,934)
Capital assets	65,257,890		69,292,415		(4,034,525)		-		-		
Total Assets	118,648,959		103,267,009		15,381,950		94,305		997,239		(902,934)
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	41,084,973		45,258,667		(4,173,694)		686,696		936,211		(249,515)
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities	20,080,573		13,213,678		6,866,895		85,622		59,463		26,159
Long-term liabilities	250,417,446		240,437,967		9,979,479		3,850,088		3,655,670		194,418
Total Liabilities	270,498,019		253,651,645		16,846,374		3,935,710		3,715,133		220,577
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,217,314		7,933,265		(2,715,951)		49,559		65,822		(16,263)
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets	41,037,115		40,196,852		840,263		-		-		-
Restricted	11,054,637		7,232,960		3,821,677		-		-		-
Unrestricted	(168,073,153	)	(160,489,046)		(7,584,107)		(3,204,268)		(1,847,505)		(1,356,763)
Total Net Position	\$ (115,981,401	) \$	(113,059,234)	\$	(2,922,167)	\$	(3,204,268)	\$	(1,847,505)	\$	(1,356,763)

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The following table takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, transfers, and special items for the year.

The District's total revenues relating to governmental activities were \$163,940,805, which is primarily from federal and state aid, categorical programs, and property taxes. Total expenditures relating to governmental activities were \$165,987,682, which is predominately related to educating and caring for students.

The District's business-type activities relate to providing fee-based before and after school programs to students.

	Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities					
	2021		2020	Ν	let Change	2021			2020		et Change	
REVENUES												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$ 1,942,644	\$	2,838,055	\$	(895,411)	\$	2,345,980	\$	3,960,865	\$	(1,614,885)	
Operating grants and contributions	45,815,286		22,240,391		23,574,895		94,261		38,677		55,584	
General revenues												
Property taxes	42,116,618		40,918,173		1,198,445		-		-		-	
Unrestricted federal and state aid	72,606,407		78,711,218		(6,104,811)		-		-		-	
Other	1,459,850		1,922,898		(463,048)		69,899		153,752		(83,853)	
Total Revenues	163,940,805		146,630,735		17,310,070		2,510,140		4,153,294		(1,643,154)	
EXPENSES	-											
Instruction	97,374,704		87,206,437		10,168,267		-		-		-	
Instruction-related services	16,415,616		16,869,030		(453,414)		-		-		-	
Pupil services	20,478,634		20,726,269		(247,635)		-		-		-	
General administration	9,380,708		8,736,475		644,233		-		-		-	
Plant services	13,650,563		13,548,641		101,922		-		-		-	
Ancillary and community services	1,800,707		1,623,512		177,195		-		-		-	
Debt service	1,957,637		2,035,499		(77,862)		-		-		-	
Other outgo	236,338		556,841		(320,503)		-		-		-	
Depreciation	4,633,662		4,491,622		142,040		-		-		-	
Other	59,113		134,164		(75,051)		4,850,941		5,617,747		(766,806)	
Total Expenses	165,987,682		155,928,490		10,059,192		4,850,941		5,617,747		(766,806)	
Transfers & special items	(984,038)		-		(984,038)		984,038		-		984,038	
Change in net position	(3,030,915)		(9,297,755)		6,266,840		(1,356,763)		(1,464,453)		107,690	
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated*	(112,950,486)		(103,761,479)		(9,189,007)		(1,847,505)		(383,052)		(1,464,453)	
Net Position - Ending	\$ (115,981,401)	\$ (	(113,059,234)	\$	(2,922,167)	\$	(3,204,268)	\$	(1,847,505)	\$	(1,356,763)	

\*Beginning net position for governmental activities was restated for the 2021 year only.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

## **Changes in Net Position (continued)**

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services								
		2021		2020					
Instruction	\$	65,069,155	\$	74,489,475					
Instruction-related services		13,811,859		15,080,829					
Pupil services		10,840,320		12,632,352					
General administration		8,542,115		8,427,870					
Plant services		12,385,067		12,845,254					
Ancillary and community services		703,763		307,780					
Debt service		1,957,637		2,035,499					
Transfers to other agencies		236,338		542,083					
Depreciation		4,633,662		4,491,622					
Other		49,836		1,615,485					
Total Expenses	\$	118,229,752	\$	132,468,249					

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$34,469,443, which is more than this year's restated beginning fund balance of \$23,029,403. The District's General Fund had \$12,255,277 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021, and net financing uses of \$1,994,632 leading to an increase in fund balance of \$10,260,645 from the prior year.

# **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2020-2021**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2020-2021, the District had invested \$65,257,890 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities									
		2021		2020	N	let Change				
CAPITAL ASSETS										
Land	\$	16,068,467	\$	16,068,467	\$	-				
Land improvements		9,101,760		9,029,671		72,089				
Buildings & improvements		111,390,727		111,101,104		289,623				
Furniture & equipment		15,543,033		15,305,608		237,425				
Accumulated depreciation		(86,846,097)		(82,212,435)		(4,633,662)				
Total Capital Assets	\$	65,257,890	\$	69,292,415	\$	(4,034,525)				

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had a total of \$254,267,534 in long-term liabilities – as shown below. This increase of approximately 4.17% from the prior year is primarily attributed to the increase in net pension liability. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities							Business-Type Activities						
		2021		2020	N	let Change		2021		2020	Ne	t Change		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES														
Total general obligation bonds	\$	30,378,845	\$	32,725,522	\$	(2,346,677)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Total certificates of participation		10,017,724		10,758,640		(740,916)		-		-		-		
Capital leases		440,952		897,573		(456,621)		-		-		-		
JPA liability		586,112		202,189		383,923		-		-		-		
Compensated absences		1,338,507		1,330,185		8,322		-		-		-		
Total OPEB liability		52,410,461		49,732,494		2,677,967		-		-		-		
Net pension liability		159,319,148		149,863,416		9,455,732		3,850,088		3,655,670		194,418		
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(4,074,303)		(5,072,052)		997,749		-		-		-		
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	250,417,446	\$	240,437,967	\$	9,979,479	\$	3,850,088	\$	3,655,670	\$	194,418		

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its March 2021 and June 2021 quarterly reports, the UCLA Anderson Forecast anticipated a robust recovery from the COVID-19–induced recession that began in March 2020. However, in its September 2021 quarterly report, hopes for blockbuster economic growth have been tempered by the spread of the COVID-19 delta variant and stagnating vaccination rates, which in turn have led to consumer caution and supply constraints. As a result, what could have been a couple of years of blockbuster economic performance will now likely feature solid but unspectacular growth. The economy is currently down 5.3 million payroll jobs from its pre-COVID peak, and there is little evidence to suggest that the expiration of enhanced unemployment benefits will lead to a surge in job applications.

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. Governor Gavin Newsom's "California Comeback Plan" includes a mix of ongoing and one-time investments of \$100 billion made possible by an unanticipated surge in state revenues and robust federal stimulus funding.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

Landmark legislation passed in year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per-pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low-income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS); and (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The May 2021 Budget Revision provides additional funding to further reduce the funding deferrals that were included in the 2020-21 Enacted Budget. The Governor's Budget in January proposed paying down \$9.2 billion of the K–12 deferrals. The May 2021 Budget Revision proposes paying down an additional \$1.1 billion, leaving a balance of \$2.6 billion at the end of the 2021–22 fiscal year.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2021. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. Beginning in 2021-22, the CalSTRS Board has limited authority to increase or decrease rates by a maximum of 1% annually (not to exceed 20.25% of creditable compensation), the projected employer contribution rate for 2021-22 is 16.92%. The CalPERS Board adopted an employer contribution rate of 22.91% for 2021-22. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2021-22 fiscal year.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Business Office, La Mesa-Spring Valley School District, 4750 Date Avenue; La Mesa, CA 91942.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	 vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 22,487,726	\$ 167,50	1 \$	22,655,227
Accounts receivable	27,629,016	1,06	0	27,630,076
Internal balances	74,256	(74,25	6)	-
Inventory	268,582		-	268,582
Note receivable, current portion	50,404		-	50,404
Note receivable, non-current portion	2,881,085		-	2,881,085
Capital assets, not depreciated	16,068,467		-	16,068,467
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	49,189,423		-	49,189,423
Total Assets	 118,648,959	94,30	5	118,743,264
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	32,937,045	686,69	6	33,623,741
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	8,001,211		-	8,001,211
Deferred amount on refunding	146,717		-	146,717
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 41,084,973	686,69	6	41,771,669
LIABILITIES				
Accrued liabilities	3,782,037	85,62	2	3,867,659
Current loans	12,000,000		-	12,000,000
Unearned revenue	224,233		-	224,233
Long-term liabilities, current portion	4,074,303		-	4,074,303
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	250,417,446	3,850,08	8	254,267,534
Total Liabilities	 270,498,019	3,935,71	0	274,433,729
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	3,913,487	49,55	9	3,963,046
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,303,827		-	1,303,827
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 5,217,314	49,55	9	5,266,873
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	41,037,115		-	41,037,115
Restricted:				
Capital projects	2,195,962		-	2,195,962
Debt service	4,326,385		-	4,326,385
Educational programs	3,489,995		-	3,489,995
Food service	928,943		-	928,943
Associated student body	113,352		-	113,352
Unrestricted	(168,073,153)	(3,204,26	8)	(171,277,421)
Total Net Position	\$ (115,981,401)	\$ (3,204,26	8) \$	(119,185,669)

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Program	Reve	nues			Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
						Operating					
		_		harges for		Grants and		overnmental	Business-Type		
Function/Programs GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions		Activities	Activities		Total
	\$	07 274 704	\$	42,484	\$	22.262.065	\$	(CE 0C0 1EE)			
Instruction	Ф	97,374,704	Ф	42,484	Ф	32,263,065	Þ	(65,069,155)			
Instruction-related services		0.040.005				042.240		(4 505 547)			
Instructional supervision and administration		2,348,865		-		843,348		(1,505,517)			
Instructional library, media, and technology		4,712,909		-		1,318,326		(3,394,583)			
School site administration		9,353,842		-		442,083		(8,911,759)			
Pupil services											
Home-to-school transportation		3,771,534		-		14,238		(3,757,296)			
Food services		5,688,393		2,477		5,891,469		205,553			
All other pupil services		11,018,707		-		3,730,130		(7,288,577)			
General administration											
Centralized data processing		831,390		-		71,369		(760,021)			
All other general administration		8,549,318		59,395		707,829		(7,782,094)			
Plant services		13,650,563		836,912		428,584		(12,385,067)			
Ancillary services		401,438		47,488		46,756		(307,194)			
Community services		1,399,269		952,057		50,643		(396,569)			
Enterprise activities		59,113		1,831		7,446		(49,836)			
Interest on long-term debt		1,957,637		-		-		(1,957,637)			
Other outgo		236,338		-		-		(236,338)			
Depreciation (unallocated)		4,633,662		-		-		(4,633,662)			
Total Governmental Activities	\$	165,987,682	\$	1,942,644	\$	45,815,286		(118,229,752)	-		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									-		
Enterprise activities		4,850,941		2,345,980		94,261			\$ (2,410,700)		
Total Business-Type Activities		4,850,941		2,345,980		94,261			(2,410,700)		
Total School District	\$	170.838.623	\$	4.288.624	\$	45.909.547				\$	(120,640,452)
	Gen	eral revenues							-		<u>, , , , ,</u>
		xes and subvent	ions								
		roperty taxes, le		r general pur	oses			38,509,652	-		38,509,652
		roperty taxes, le						3,555,046	-		3,555,046
		roperty taxes, le				noses		51,920	-		51,920
		ederal and state		•				72,606,407	_		72,606,407
		erest and investr			spec			379,125	_		379,125
		eragency revenu						326,717	-		326,717
		scellaneous	103					754,008	69,899		823,907
		total, General R	ovoru	•				116,182,875	69,899		116,252,774
		nge in net posit				ocial itomo		(2,046,877)	,		(4,387,678)
		ernal transfers	JULI DE	iore transfer	5 01 5			(2,046,677) (984,038)	( , , ,		(4,307,070)
		al Transfers & S	nonicl	Itoma				(984,038)			
		ANGE IN NET PC	•					. , ,			- (4,387,678)
								(3,030,915)	( , , ,		( , , ,
		Position - Begin		as nestated			¢	(112,950,486) (115,981,401)	(1,847,505) \$ (3,204,268)		(114,797,991)
	ivet	Position - Endir	чy				\$	(113,901,401)	φ (3,204,208)	φ	(119,185,669)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ASSETS	Ge	eneral Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$	15,367,647	\$	7,120,079	\$	22,487,726
Accounts receivable	Ψ	26,702,557	Ψ	926,459	Ψ	27,629,016
Due from other funds		1,004,603		123,186		1,127,789
Stores inventory		130,721		137,861		268,582
Total Assets	\$	43,205,528	\$	8,307,585	\$	51,513,113
LIABILITIES						
Accrued liabilities	\$	3,668,561	\$	97,343	\$	3,765,904
Due to other funds		771,189		282,344		1,053,533
Current loans		12,000,000		-		12,000,000
Unearned revenue		152,438		71,795		224,233
Total Liabilities		16,592,188		451,482		17,043,670
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		174,371		137,861		312,232
Restricted		3,352,528		7,718,242		11,070,770
Unassigned		23,086,441		-		23,086,441
Total Fund Balances		26,613,340		7,856,103		34,469,443
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	43,205,528	\$	8,307,585	\$	51,513,113

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	34,469,443
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets \$ 152,103,987 Accumulated depreciation (86,846,097)		65,257,890
Deferred amount on refunding:		
In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:		146,717
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:		(16,133)
Note receivable:		
In governmental funds, receivables are recognized only to the extent that they are "available", meaning it will be collected in one year. In the government-wide statements, long-term receivables are recognized. The amount of receivables that were not recognized in governmental funds, but are recognized in the government-wide statements, is:		2,931,489
Long-term liabilities:		
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:		
Total general obligation bonds\$ 30,378,845Total certificates of participation10,017,724		
Capital leases 440,952		
JPA liability 586,112		
Compensated absences 1,338,507		
Total OPEB liability52,410,461		
Net pension liability 159,319,148	_	(254,491,749)

(continued on the following page)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, continued JUNE 30, 2021

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relatin not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions a Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	state	ement of net	29,023,558
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the stateme			
deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	\$	8,001,211	0.007.004
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(1,303,827)	6,697,384
<b>Total Net Position - Governmental Activities</b>		•	\$ (115,981,401)

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ge	eneral Fund		lon-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
LCFF sources	\$	108,382,093	\$	-	\$	108,382,093
Federal sources		18,542,148		5,504,195		24,046,343
Other state sources		20,416,683		1,472,786		21,889,469
Other local sources		9,880,235		4,358,768		14,239,003
Total Revenues		157,221,159		11,335,749		168,556,908
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		93,155,971		520,128		93,676,099
Instruction-related services						
Instructional supervision and administration		2,071,752		159,314		2,231,066
Instructional library, media, and technology		4,214,955		-		4,214,955
School site administration		8,563,060		82,955		8,646,015
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation		3,294,042		-		3,294,042
Food services		5,318		5,133,284		5,138,602
All other pupil services		10,662,519		-		10,662,519
General administration						
Centralized data processing		829,885		-		829,885
All other general administration		7,129,045		236,462		7,365,507
Plant services		12,373,439		12,479		12,385,918
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		301,417		60,295		361,712
Ancillary services		322,881		42,884		365,765
Community services		1,212,075		-		1,212,075
Enterprise activities		53,062		2,236		55,298
Transfers to other agencies		11,324		-		11,324
Debt service						
Principal		507,168		4,540,916		5,048,084
Interest and other		257,969		375,995		633,964
Total Expenditures		144,965,882		11,166,948		156,132,830
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		12,255,277		168,801		12,424,078
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						i
Transfers in		-		1,010,594		1,010,594
Transfers out		(1,994,632)		-		(1,994,632)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,994,632)		1,010,594		(984,038)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		10,260,645		1,179,395		11,440,040
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated		16,352,695		6,676,708		23,029,403
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	26,613,340	\$	7,856,103	\$	34,469,443
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 11,440,040
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:	
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is: Expenditures for capital outlay: Depreciation expense: (4,633,662)	(4,034,525)
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:	5,048,084
Deferred amounts on refunding: In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:	(146,717)
Note receivable payments: In governmental funds, payments received for the long-term note receivable are recorded as revenues. In the government-wide statements, the principal portion of payments received for the long-term note receivable are recorded as a reduction of the note. The principal payments received during the period were:	(48,310)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:	51,353
Accreted interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.	(1,477,291)

(continued on the following page)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:	(8,322)
Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:	(2,879,730)
Pensions: In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:	(10,564,995)
Other liabilities not normally liquidated with current financial resources: In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with any liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Examples include special termination benefits such as retirement incentives financed over time, and structured legal settlements. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:	(434,470)
Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:	23,968
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (3,030,915)

	A C	iness-Type Activities hild Care erprise Fund
ASSETS		•
Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$	167,501
Accounts receivable		1,060
Due from other funds		650,552
Total current assets		819,113
Total Assets		819,113
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		686,696
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		686,696
LIABILITIES Current liabilities		
Accrued liabilities		85,622
Due to other funds		724,808
Total current liabilities		810,430
Non-current liabilities		010,100
Net pension liability		3,850,088
Total non-current liabilities		3,850,088
Total Liabilities		4,660,518
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		49,559
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		49,559
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		(3,204,268)
Total Net Position	\$	(3,204,268)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	A C	iness-Type ctivities hild Care rprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	2,421,206
Other local revenues		83,200
Total operating revenues		2,504,406
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits		4,272,083
Supplies and materials		63,180
Professional services		515,678
Total operating expenses		4,850,941
Operating loss		(2,346,535)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income		5,734
Transfers in		984,038
Total non-operating revenues		989,772
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,356,763)
Net Position - Beginning		(1,847,505)
Net Position - Ending	\$	(3,204,268)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Business-Type Activities Child Care Enterprise Fun			
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from user charges	\$	2,421,206		
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to				
(from) other funds		(258,862)		
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(4,055,561)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(1,893,217)		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities				
Interfund transfers in (out)		984,038		
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities		984,038		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received		5,734		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		5,734		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(903,445)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year		1,070,946		
End of year	\$	167,501		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities				
Operating income/(loss)	\$	(2,346,535)		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		6,061		
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(348,123)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions		249,515		
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		26,159		
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		341,551		
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		194,418		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pensions		(16,263)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(1,893,217)		

# **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The La Mesa-Spring Valley School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

The District is the level of government primarily accountable for activities related to public education. The governing authority consists of elected officials who, together, constitute the Board of Education.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

The La Mesa-Spring Valley Educational Foundation is a nonprofit organization that supports the La Mesa Spring Valley School District. It was established in 1983 by a group of citizens. The foundation provides a formalized avenue for raising funds to directly support public education in the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District. The La Mesa-Spring Valley Educational Foundation is not a component unit of the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District as it does not meet the criteria noted above.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

**Government-Wide Statements.** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### **Government-Wide Statements (continued)**

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary– are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be selfsupporting.

#### Major Governmental Funds

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds

**Special Revenue Funds:** Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Student Activity Fund:** This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

**Child Development Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 et seq.) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

**Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

**Capital Project Funds:** Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Capital Facilities Fund:** This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

**Debt Service Funds:** Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Enterprise Funds:** Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

**Child Care Enterprise Fund:** The District maintains the childcare before and after school (parent paid) program in the Child Care Enterprise Fund.

#### D. Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus

#### **Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

#### **Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position</u>

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

#### Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and Improvements	25-50 years
Furniture and Equipment	15-20 years
Vehicles	8 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period	July 1, 2020 – June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

#### **Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

*Restricted* - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed* - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints selfimposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

*Unassigned* - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

# G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

# I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### J. New Accounting Pronouncements

**GASB Statement No. 84** – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2021.

**GASB Statement No. 87** – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 91** – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 92** – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

**GASB Statement No. 97** – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans* – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

## NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

## A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	 vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities				
Investment in county treasury	\$ 22,330,724	\$	167,501			
Cash on hand and in banks	113,352		-			
Cash in revolving fund	 43,650		-			
Total	\$ 22,487,726	\$	167,501			

#### B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

**Investment in County Treasury** – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The San Diego County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

## NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

#### D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$22,592,173 and an amortized book value of \$22,498,225 The average weighted maturity for this pool is 613 days.

## E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2021, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated AA+ by Standard and Poor's.

## NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### F. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2021, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

## G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the San Diego County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	22,592,173
Total	\$	22,592,173

## **NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES**

#### A. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities
Federal Government						-	
Categorical aid	\$	4,107,490	\$ 844,872	\$	4,952,362	\$	-
State Government							
Apportionment		18,107,139	-		18,107,139		-
Categorical aid		2,828,800	67,443		2,896,243		-
Lottery		775,665	-		775,665		-
Local Government							
Other local sources		883,463	14,144		897,607		1,060
Total	\$	26,702,557	\$ 926,459	\$	27,629,016	\$	1,060

## B. Note Receivable

The District had a note receivable outstanding at June 30, 2021 in the amount of \$2,931,489 related to the sale of the Spring Valley Elementary site. At June 30, 2021, the principal balance expected to be collected in less than a year was \$50,404 and the non-current portion of the note receivable was \$2,881,085.

## **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Ju	Balance Ily 01, 2020	Additions	Deletior	Deletions		Balance Ine 30, 2021
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	16,068,467	\$ -	\$	-	\$	16,068,467
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		16,068,467	-		-		16,068,467
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		9,029,671	72,089		-		9,101,760
Buildings & improvements		111,101,104	289,623		-		111,390,727
Furniture & equipment		15,305,608	237,425		-		15,543,033
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		135,436,383	599,137		-		136,035,520
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Land improvements		4,406,769	344,927		-		4,751,696
Buildings & improvements		66,716,303	3,597,840		-		70,314,143
Furniture & equipment		11,089,363	690,895		-		11,780,258
Total Accumulated Depreciation		82,212,435	4,633,662		-		86,846,097
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, net	\$	69,292,415	\$ (4,034,525)	\$	-	\$	65,257,890

## **NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

## A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Due From Other Funds									
Due To Other Funds	Ge	neral Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	-	hild Care rprise Fund		Total			
General Fund	\$	-	\$	120,637	\$	650,552	\$	771,189			
Non-Major Governmental Funds		282,344		-		-		282,344			
Child Care Enterprise Fund		722,259		2,549		-		724,808			
Total	\$	1,004,603	\$	123,186	\$	650,552	\$	1,778,341			
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund to clear	bad debt for s	tudent lunche	s.				\$	120,637			
				n costs.			\$	,			
Due from the General Fund to the Child Care Enterprise Fu	und for reimbu	ursement of pr	ogran				\$	650,552			
Due from the General Fund to the Child Care Enterprise Find to the Child Development Fund to the General Fund	und for reimbu d for OPEB co	ursement of pr intributions and	ogran				\$	650,552 21,248			
Due from the General Fund to the Child Care Enterprise Fund Due from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for allocation	und for reimbu d for OPEB co ation of indired	ursement of pr intributions and ct costs.	ogran d indir	rect costs.	sts.		\$	650,552 21,248 222,503			
Due from the General Fund to the Child Care Enterprise Fund Due from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for alloca Due from the Capital Facilities Fund to the General Fund for	und for reimbu d for OPEB co ation of indirec or 3% adminis	ursement of pr intributions and ct costs. trative costs a	ogram d indir nd oth	rect costs. ner program co			\$	650,552 21,248 222,503 38,593			
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund to clear Due from the General Fund to the Child Care Enterprise Fu Due from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for alloca Due from the Capital Facilities Fund to the General Fund f Due from the Child Care Enterprise Fund to the General Fi Due from the Child Care Enterprise Fund to the Cafeteria I	und for reimbu d for OPEB co ation of indirec or 3% adminis und for OPEB	ursement of pr intributions and ct costs. trative costs a contributions	ogram d indir nd oth and of	rect costs. ner program co ther program c			\$	650,552 21,248			

## B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers taking place during the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Interfund Transfers In								
		Non-Major overnmental	Chi	ld Care						
Interfund Transfers Out		Funds	Enterp	orise Fund		Total				
General Fund	\$	1,010,594	\$	984,038	\$	1,994,632				
Total	\$	1,010,594	\$	984,038	\$	1,994,632				
Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects Transfer from the General Fund to the Child Care Enterprise Fund to support program of Transfer from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund to clear bad debt for student lunch	osts.	projects debt s	ervice p	ayments.	\$	1,010,568 984,038 26				
Total					\$	1,994,632				

## **NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major					
			G	overnmental		G	Sovernmental	Bus	siness-Type
	Ge	neral Fund		Funds	District-Wide		Activities	4	Activities
Payroll	\$	2,059,683	\$	60,455	\$ -	\$	2,120,138	\$	79,993
Vendors payable		1,512,793		36,888	-		1,549,681		5,629
Due to grantor government		96,085		-	-		96,085		-
Unmatured interest		-		-	16,133		16,133		-
Total	\$	3,668,561	\$	97,343	\$ 16,133	\$	3,782,037	\$	85,622

## NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

			G	overnmental	al Governmen		
	G	eneral Fund		Funds	Activities		
Federal sources	\$	152,438	\$	-	\$	152,438	
Local sources		-		71,795		71,795	
Total	\$	152,438	\$	71,795	\$	224,233	

## NOTE 8 - TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES (TRAN)

#### A. Series 2020 TRAN

In August 2020, the District issued \$5,815,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at approximately 3 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Repayment terms required that the scheduled amounts be deposited with the fiscal agent by January 2021. As of June 30, 2021, the District had paid off these notes in full.

## B. Series 2020 B-2 TRAN

In March 2021, the District issued \$12,000,000 of Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at 0.25 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. The notes mature on January 31, 2022 with repayment pledges scheduled to begin in July 2021 and continuing through November 2021.

## **NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Ju	Balance Ily 01, 2020	Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2021		Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities									
General obligation bonds	\$	32,677,587	\$ 1,477,291	\$	3,800,000	\$	30,354,878	\$	2,336,472
Unamortized premium		47,935	-		23,968		23,967		23,967
Total general obligation bonds		32,725,522	1,477,291		3,823,968		30,378,845		2,360,439
Direct placement certificates									
of participation		10,758,640	-		740,916		10,017,724		759,930
Total certificates of participation		10,758,640	-		740,916		10,017,724		759,930
Capital leases		897,573	-		456,621		440,952		367,822
JPA liability		202,189	434,470		50,547		586,112		586,112
Compensated absences		1,330,185	8,322		-		1,338,507		-
Total OPEB liability		49,732,494	2,677,967		-		52,410,461		-
Net pension liability		149,863,416	9,455,732		-		159,319,148		-
Total	\$	245,510,019	\$ 14,053,782	\$	5,072,052	\$	254,491,749	\$	4,074,303
	Balance					Balance		Balance Due	
	Ju	uly 01, 2020	Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2021		In One Year
Business-Type Activities									
Net pension liability	\$	3,655,670	\$ 194,418	\$	-	\$	3,850,088	\$	-
Total	\$	3,655,670	\$ 194,418	\$	-	\$	3,850,088	\$	-

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for certificates of participation are made in the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects.
- Payments for capital lease obligations are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for the JPA liability are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

#### A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$1,338,507. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### B. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$49,732,494 and increased by \$2,677,967 during the year ended June 30, 2021. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was \$52,410,461. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

#### C. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$153,519,086 and increased by \$9,650,150 during the year ended June 30, 2021. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2021 was \$163,169,236. See Note 12 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

## NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

#### D. General Obligation Bonds

On March 5, 2002, the voters of the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District approved by more than 55% Proposition M, authorizing the issuance and sale of \$44,000,000 of general obligation bonds. On June 26, 2002, the District issued Series A of the Election of 2002 General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$31,330,140. On March 9, 2005, the District refunded a portion of the Series A bonds and issued Series B bonds. On March 26, 2014, the District issued 2014 Series A and B Refunding Bonds to refund a portion of the 2005 bonds.

- The remaining outstanding 2005 General Obligation Refunding Bonds consist of current interest serial bonds of \$735,000 with a stated interest rate of 4.125% and fully maturing on August 1, 2021. The principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$735,000.
- The remaining outstanding 2002 General Obligation Series A bond issue consists of capital appreciation serial bonds of \$440,140 with a yield of 5.71% and fully maturing on February 1, 2027. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$1,381,680 which includes accreted interest.
- The 2002 General Obligation Series B bond issue consists of: (a) current interest serial bonds of \$240,000 with a stated interest rate of 3.0% and fully maturing on August 1, 2005: and, (b) capital appreciation serial bonds of \$12,429,709 with a yield ranging from 4.9% to 5.2% and fully maturing on August 1, 2028. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$27,958,198 which includes accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds.
- The 2014 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds consist of tax-exempt current interest serial bonds of \$5,465,000 with stated interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.0% and fully maturing on August 1, 2021. The principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$280,000.
- The 2014 Series B General Obligation Refunding Bonds consist of current interest serial bonds of \$11,950,000 with stated interest rates ranging from 0.657% to 3.349% and fully maturing on August 1, 2020. There is no remaining principal balance on these bonds as of June 30, 2021.

The net proceeds received for the 2014 Series A and Series B Refunding Bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the 2005 General Obligation Bonds that were advance refunded. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized as an expense over the life of the bond. Deferred charges on refunding of \$293,434 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$650,097 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$606,442. As of June 30, 2021, the principal balance outstanding on the defeased debt amounted to \$315,000 and the principal balance on the 2014 Series A and B Refunding Bonds amounted to \$280,000.

## NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

#### D. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds payable outstanding at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 2,336,472	\$ 1,667,887	\$ 4,004,359
2023	1,761,767	2,413,233	4,175,000
2024	1,721,469	2,643,531	4,365,000
2025	1,697,876	2,857,124	4,555,000
2026	1,671,133	3,093,867	4,765,000
2027 - 2029	4,696,132	11,023,868	15,720,000
Accretion	16,470,029	(16,470,029)	-
Total	\$ 30,354,878	\$ 7,229,481	\$ 37,584,359

## E. Certificates of Participation

In September 2016, the District entered into an equipment lease/purchase agreement in the amount of \$12,373,081, bearing interest at approximately 2.55 percent. The agreement was entered into for an energy efficiency project. Payments include principal and interest and were scheduled to continue until September 2032. As of June 30, 2021, the annual requirements to amortize the certificates of participation were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 759,930	\$ 250,638	\$ 1,010,568
2023	779,432	231,136	1,010,568
2024	799,434	211,134	1,010,568
2025	819,950	190,619	1,010,569
2026	840,992	169,577	1,010,569
2027 - 2031	4,539,981	512,860	5,052,841
2032 - 2033	1,478,005	37,847	1,515,852
Total	\$ 10,017,724	\$ 1,603,811	\$ 11,621,535

## F. Capital Leases

The District has entered into various capital leases for copiers, equipment, and vehicles. Future minimum lease payments under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		e Payment
2022	\$	383,217
2023		66,832
2024		7,916
Total minimum lease payments		457,965
Less amount representing interest		(17,013)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	440,952

## NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

### G. JPA Liability

As of June 30, 2021, the District reported a deficit balance of approximately \$586,112 in its property and liability fund with the San Diego County Schools Risk Management JPA. The District plans to repay this balance within one year.

## **NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2021:

			(	Non-Major Governmental	Go	Total overnmental
	Ge	eneral Fund		Funds		Funds
Non-spendable						
Revolving cash	\$	43,650	\$	-	\$	43,650
Stores inventory		130,721		137,861		268,582
Total non-spendable		174,371		137,861		312,232
Restricted						
Educational programs		3,352,528		137,467		3,489,995
Food service		-		928,943		928,943
Associated student body		-		113,352		113,352
Capital projects		-		2,195,962		2,195,962
Debt service		-		4,342,518		4,342,518
Total restricted		3,352,528		7,718,242		11,070,770
Unassigned		23,086,441		-		23,086,441
Total Fund Balance	\$	26,613,340	\$	7,856,103	\$	34,469,443

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy targets a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, inclusive of the minimum required by California Education Code. The District also assigns an additional 2 percent reserve.

## NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

## A. Plan Description

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Details of the plan are included below. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

## B. Benefits Provided

Employees having reached the minimum retirement age (55 years) and accepting retirement benefits as provided under the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) or State Teachers' Retirement System and having a minimum of ten (10) years in this district served during the past fifteen (15) years, will have group health and dental insurance benefits extended to them. Premiums for health and dental insurance benefits shall be paid by the District to the in-force carrier until the retiree reaches age sixty-five (65) or becomes eligible for Medicare.

In addition, the retiring employee shall have the option of having dependents included under the same coverage, for medical and dental only, with the retiree making the premium payment for such dependent coverage. Retirees may add dependent medical coverage during the open enrollment period. Dependent coverage may be discontinued, at the retiree's option, at any subsequent date. Payment for dependents' premiums shall be remitted semi-annually to the District on due dates as designated.

## C. <u>Contributions</u>

For fiscal year 2020-2021, the District contributed \$2,351,905 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

#### D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	154
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	-
Participating active employees	1,203
Total number of participants*	1,357

\*As of the June 30, 2020 valuation date

## E. Total OPEB Liability

The La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's total OPEB liability of \$52,410,461 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

## NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021:

Economic assumptions:	
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	2.19%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.25% for 2021 and decreasing
	0.25% for each year thereafter
Non-economic assumptions:	
Mortality:	
General	SOA Pub-2010 General Total Dataset Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019
Surviving Spouses	SOA Pub-2010 Contingent Survivors Total Dataset Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019

Retirement rates:

	Percent Retiring*							
	Classic							
Age	5 YOS	10 YOS	20 YOS	30 YOS	40 YOS	50 YOS	All YOS	
55	2.0%	3.8%	7.3%	19.2%	36.0%	0.0%	20.0%	
60	4.4%	7.2%	13.0%	19.7%	29.1%	0.0%	15.0%	
65	12.0%	15.6%	22.9%	33.3%	40.0%	40.0%	35.0%	
70	12.0%	15.6%	22.9%	33.3%	40.0%	40.0%	100.0%	
75+	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

\* Of those having met eligibility to receive District paid benefits. The percentage refers to the probability that an active employee who has reached the stated age will retire within the following year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

## NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	2,742,714
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,364,765
Difference between expected and actual experience		(834,478)
Changes of assumptions		1,756,871
Benefits payments		(2,351,905)
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,677,967
Total OPEB liability - beginning		49,732,494
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	52,410,461
Covered-employee payroll	\$	82,209,064
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		63.8%

#### H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Valuation					
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
	(1.19%)		(2.19%)		(3.19%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	56,300,146	\$	52,410,461	\$	48,731,756

#### I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Val	uation Trend		
	(5.25	6 Decrease % decreasing to 3.50%)	•	Rate 5% decreasing to 4.50%)	(7.25	% Increase i% decreasing to 5.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	46,699,446	\$	52,410,461	\$	59,123,262

## NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

## J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$5,231,635. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,190,040
Changes in assumptions		8,001,211		113,787
Total	\$	8,001,211	\$	1,303,827

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources				 rred Inflows Resources
2022	\$	1,343,039	\$ 218,883		
2023		1,343,039	218,883		
2024		1,343,039	218,886		
2025		1,343,039	180,955		
2026		1,343,039	180,955		
Thereafter		1,286,016	 285,265		
Total	\$	8,001,211	\$ 1,303,827		

## NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	Net pension liability	Deferred outflows related to pensions	Deferred inflows related to pensions	Pension expense
STRS Pension	\$ 108,312,506	\$ 24,546,374	\$ 3,598,525	\$ 14,547,786
PERS Pension	54,856,730	9,077,367	364,521	11,184,742
Total	\$ 163,169,236	\$ 33,623,741	\$ 3,963,046	\$ 25,732,528

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2021, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2021 was 19.10% of annual payroll reduced to 16.15% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$9,726,326 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$6,318,871 to CalSTRS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 108,312,506
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	 55,834,658
Total	\$ 164,147,164

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.112 percent, which was consistent with its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$14,547,786. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$1,751,078 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Differences between expected and	\$ 2,572,882	\$	-	
actual experience Changes in assumptions	191,122 10,562,004		3,054,598 -	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent	1,494,040		543,927	
to the measurement date	9,726,326		-	
Total	\$ 24,546,374	\$	3,598,525	

The \$9,726,326 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022 Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,			erred Inflows Resources	
2022	\$ 2,277,099		\$	960,203
2023		4,724,803		745,610
2024		5,491,288		554,488
2025		1,840,737		557,841
2026		321,821		538,841
2027		164,300		241,542
Total	\$	14,820,048	\$	3,598,525

### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

\* Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	
*20-year geometric average		

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%			Current	1%		
	Decre (6.10		Di	scount Rate (7.10%)	_	Increase (8.10%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 163,6	45,109	\$	108,312,506	\$	62,627,650	

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

## **Benefits Provided**

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

## Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2021 was 22.68% of annual payroll reduced to 20.70% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). Contributions to the plan from the District were \$5,013,537 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$54,856,730 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.179 percent, which was consistent with its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$11,184,742. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 1,141,943	\$	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,720,725		-	
Changes in assumptions	201,162		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and			004 504	
proportionate share of contributions	-		364,521	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 5,013,537		-	
Total	\$ 9,077,367	\$	364,521	

The \$5,013,537 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	rred Outflows Resources		
2022	\$ 1,409,262	\$	184,431
2023	1,188,432		94,785
2024	920,834		85,305
2025	545,302		-
Total	\$ 4,063,830	\$	364,521

### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate	7.15%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

\*An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

\*\*An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.15%)	Di	scount Rate (7.15%)	 Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 78,866,552	\$	54,856,730	\$ 34,929,782

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

## **NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

## A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

## B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

## NOTE 14 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The La Mesa-Spring Valley School District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers agreement (JPA), the San Diego County Schools Risk Management JPA (RM) and Facilities Joint Powers Authority (FACJPA). The relationship between the District and the JPA's is such that the JPA's are not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The RM JPA arranges for and provides workers' compensation, health, and property and liability insurance for its member school districts. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The governing board controls the operations of the JPA independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the governing board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to its participation in the JPA. As of June 30, 2020, the District had an estimated deficit balance of \$586,112 in its property and liability fund. In order to eliminate the deficit balance, the District will repay the remaining liability within one year.

The FACJPA consists of other districts within the county and the San Diego County Office of Education (SDCOE). The JPA is intended to provide members with the opportunity to achieve planning and construction savings by pooling the resources of its members and providing efficiencies and economies of scale which would potentially be unavailable if the members undertook planning and construction projects on an individual basis. The JPA also strives to develop alliances with SDCOE, Division of the State Architect, and the Office of Public School Construction.

The FACJPA provides management of facilities planning and construction and expertise on a range of facilities and construction needs from technical support to master planning construction projects. Contracts for FACJPA services are negotiated on a case-by-case basis when the district utilizes FACJPA services.

Condensed audited financial information for the most currently available year is available from the JPA.

## NOTE 15 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

### A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2021, the deferred amount on refunding was \$146,717.

## B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 12. At June 30, 2021, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$33,623,741 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$3,963,046.

#### C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2021, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$8,001,211 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,303,827.

#### **NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

#### Series 2021A TRAN

In August 2021, the District issued \$19,000,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at 0.25 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Repayment terms require that the amounts be deposited with the fiscal agent, where half of the payment is due by January 2022, and the remaining half is due by April 2022.

#### 2020 Election, Series A General Obligation Bonds

In August 2021, the District issued \$48,000,000 of 2020 Election, Series A general obligation bonds to finance construction, facilities improvements, and modernization projects. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 0.15% to 4.00% and mature through August 2051.

## NOTE 17 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

The beginning net position for Governmental Activities and the beginning fund balance for the Student Activity Fund have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Based on the clarifications provided by GASB Statement No. 84 and California Education Code regarding associated student body (ASB) accounts, it has been determined that the District's ASB accounts are not fiduciary because they do not meet the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 84, paragraph 11(c)(2) regarding administrative involvement. The effect on beginning balances is presented as follows:

		ernmental ctivities
Net Position - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$ (*	113,059,234)
Restatement		108,748
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$ (*	112,950,486)
	Stud	ent Activity Fund
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$	-
Restatement		108,748
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	\$	108,748

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual*	Variances -		
		Original	Final	์ (Bu	dgetary Basis)	Fina	I to Actual
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$	108,699,242	\$ 108,421,226	\$	108,382,093	\$	(39,133)
Federal sources		17,737,150	18,848,932		18,887,539		38,607
Other state sources		13,837,876	13,804,664		20,416,683		6,612,019
Other local sources		9,447,639	9,266,741		9,522,853		256,112
Total Revenues		149,721,907	150,341,563		157,209,168		6,867,605
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries		59,573,230	62,042,041		64,126,164		(2,084,123)
Classified salaries		24,502,018	22,817,067		24,795,048		(1,977,981)
Employee benefits		36,860,833	37,072,070		38,621,655		(1,549,585)
Books and supplies		12,085,428	7,870,052		6,338,887		1,531,165
Services and other operating expenditures		10,403,098	11,659,139		10,218,639		1,440,500
Capital outlay		4,066,725	4,047,244		533,791		3,513,453
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		540,123	555,123		551,447		3,676
Transfers of indirect costs		(115)	(172,580)		(219,749)		47,169
Total Expenditures		148,031,340	145,890,156		144,965,882		924,274
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		1,690,567	4,451,407		12,243,286		7,791,879
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		102,275	102,275		48,532		(53,743)
Transfers out		(1,091,344)	(2,486,224)		(2,040,657)		445,567
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(989,069)	(2,383,949)		(1,992,125)		391,824
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		701,498	2,067,458		10,251,161		8,183,703
Fund Balance - Beginning		14,149,438	 14,149,438		14,149,438		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	14,850,936	\$ 16,216,896	\$	24,400,599	\$	8,183,703

\* The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts
reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts
on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for other than Capital Outlay
Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54. In addition,
the revenues for Medi-Cal and Medi-Cal Administrative Activities have been reclassified from federal
revenues to local revenues in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
Total OPEB Liability									
Service Cost	\$	2,742,714	\$	2,574,537	\$	2,344,655	\$	2,304,605	
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,364,765		1,335,301		1,393,457		1,310,764	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(834,478)		(613,161)		-		-	
Changes of assumptions		1,756,871		7,880,898		968,228		(265,499)	
Benefits payments		(2,351,905)		(2,522,081)		(2,195,486)		(2,062,012)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,677,967		8,655,494		2,510,854		1,287,858	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		49,732,494		41,077,000		38,566,146		37,278,288	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	52,410,461	\$	49,732,494	\$	41,077,000	\$	38,566,146	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	82,209,064	\$	79,814,625	\$	77,489,927	\$	77,170,000	
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		63.8%		62.3%		53.0%		50.0%	

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Jı	une 30, 2021	Jı	une 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	Jı	ine 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	Ju	ine 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.112%		0.112%		0.109%		0.111%		0.110%		0.109%		0.108%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	108,312,506	\$	101,387,148	\$	100,032,549	\$	103,030,712	\$	88,841,804	\$	73,338,752	\$	62,830,893
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District <b>Total</b>		<u>55,834,658</u> 164,147,164	\$	55,313,904 156,701,052		<u>57,273,593</u> 157,306,142	\$	60,952,595 163,983,307	\$	50,583,500 139,425,304		<u>38,788,011</u> 112,126,763		37,940,006 100,770,899
District's covered payroll	<u> </u>	61,068,582	• \$	61,112,773		58,402,383	• \$	58,723,651		55,678,200	<u> </u>	50.079.904	• \$	47,889,273
	Ψ	01,000,002	Ψ	01,112,770	Ψ	50,402,505	Ψ	30,720,001	Ψ	55,070,200	Ψ	00,070,004	Ψ	47,000,270
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		177.4%		165.9%		171.3%		175.5%		159.6%		146.4%		131.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ine 30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.179%		0.179%		0.174%		0.175%		0.174%		0.170%		0.169%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	54,856,730	\$	52,131,938	\$	46,261,789	\$	41,687,164	\$	34,404,987	\$	25,009,168	\$	19,189,143
District's covered payroll	\$	25,960,367	\$	25,157,073	\$	23,059,860	\$	22,309,439	\$	20,927,505	\$	18,815,176	\$	17,744,048
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		211.3%		207.2%		200.6%		186.9%		164.4%		132.9%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	9,726,326	\$	10,312,963	\$	9,783,624	\$	8,426,863	\$	7,349,557	\$	5,952,372	\$	4,456,783
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(9,726,326)		(10,312,963)		(9,783,624)		(8,426,863)		(7,349,557)		(5,952,372)		(4,456,783)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	60,483,825	\$	61,068,582	\$	61,112,773	\$	58,402,383	\$	58,723,651	\$	55,678,200	\$	50,079,904
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.08%		16.89%		16.01%		14.43%		12.52%		10.69%		8.90%

\*Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	5,013,537	\$	4,732,600	\$	4,184,764	\$	3,374,019	\$	2,925,764	\$	2,335,190	\$	2,221,323
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(5,013,537)		(4,732,600)		(4,184,764)		(3,374,019)		(2,925,764)		(2,335,190)		(2,221,323)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	25,438,592	\$	25,960,367	\$	25,157,073	\$	23,059,860	\$	22,309,439	\$	20,927,505	\$	18,815,176
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.71%		18.23%		16.63%		14.63%		13.11%		11.16%		11.81%

\*Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

## **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

## Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

## Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for other postemployment benefits.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

The discount rate as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date was 2.19%, while the discount rate in the previous measurement was 2.66%.

## Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

#### **Schedule of District Contributions**

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	 Expenditures and Other Uses											
	Budget Actual											
General Fund												
Certificated salaries	\$ 62,042,041	\$	64,126,164	\$	2,084,123							
Classified salaries	\$ 22,817,067	\$	24,795,048	\$	1,977,981							
Employee benefits	\$ 37,072,070	\$	38,621,655	\$	1,549,585							

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures		
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:	Number		Lapenditures		
Passed through California Department of Education:					
Title I, Part A [1]					
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 2,383,229		
Comprehensive Support and Improvement for LEAs	84.010	15438	184,913		
Subtotal Title I, Part A			2.568.142		
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	248,400		
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	254,247		
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	196,006		
Special Education Cluster			,		
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	2,615,489		
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	44,647		
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	8,938		
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	154,627		
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	2,362		
Subtotal Special Education Cluster	0	10101	2,826,063		
IDEA Early Intervention Grants, Part C	84.181	23761	25,919		
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants: [1]	011101	20101	20,010		
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	15517	917,262		
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	2,078,323		
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	1,364,641		
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	0.1.1202		4,360,226		
Total U. S. Department of Education			10,479,003		
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:					
Passed through California Department of Education:					
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Extending Summer Food Service Program and SSO:					
Child Nutrition Cluster					
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	1,263,781		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	2,560,748		
Meal Supplements	10.555	*	6,892		
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*	242,380		
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			4,073,801		
CACFP Claims - Centers and Family Day Care [1]	10.558	13393	1,389,602		
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			5,463,403		
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY:					
Passed through California Department of Education:					
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding:					
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF): Learning Loss Mitigation [1]	21.019	25516	8,063,145		
Total U. S. Department of the Treasury	21.010	20010	8.063.145		
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 24,005,551		
······································			,,		

[1] - Major Program

[2] - In-Kind Contribution
 \* - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2020-21 Number	
Grade Level	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	180	Complied
Grade 1	180	Complied
Grade 2	180	Complied
Grade 3	180	Complied
Grade 4	180	Complied
Grade 5	180	Complied
Grade 6	180	Complied
Grade 7	180	Complied
Grade 8	180	Complied

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	20	)22 (Budget)		2021		2020		2019
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**	<u>_</u>	470.070.405	•		*	4.40,007,000	•	444 700 040
Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	170,878,165 170,058,525	\$	157,257,700 147,006,539	\$	142,267,303 139,519,630	\$	141,798,912 139,043,235
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	819.640	\$	10,251,161	\$	2,747,673	\$	2,755,677
Net change in 1 und balance	Ψ	013,040	Ψ	10,231,101	Ψ	2,747,075	ψ	2,133,011
Ending Fund Balance	\$	25,220,239	\$	24,400,599	\$	14,149,438	\$	11,401,765
Available Reserves*	\$	22,391,680	\$	23,086,441	\$	6,388,846	\$	9,218,614
Available Reserves As A								
Percentage Of Outgo		13.17%		15.70%		4.58%		6.63%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	250,417,446	\$	254,491,749	\$	245,510,019	\$	232,663,988
Average Daily Attendance At P-2***		10,430		11,219		11,219		11,479

The General Fund balance has increased by \$12,998,834 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projects an increase of \$819,640. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2021-22 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$21,827,761 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 260 ADA over the past two years. A further decrease of 789 ADA is anticipated during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

\* Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for other than Capital Outlay Projects.

\*\* The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for other than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

\*\*\*Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

### LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Fu T	ecial Reserve nd for Other han Capital tlay Projects	Child Care Enterprise Fund		
June 30, 2021, annual financial and budget report fund balance/net position Adjustments and reclassifications:	\$ 24,400,599	\$	2,212,741	\$	8,683	
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances/net position:						
Allocation of net pension liability (GASB 68)	-		-		(3,212,951)	
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)	2,212,741		(2,212,741)		-	
Net adjustments and reclassifications	 2,212,741		(2,212,741)		(3,212,951)	
June 30, 2021, audited financial statement fund balance/net position	\$ 26,613,340	\$	-	\$	(3,204,268)	

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Charter #	Charter School	Status	Included in Audit Report
1901	Sparrow Academy	Active	No

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2021

	Stud	lent Activity Fund	Child Development Fund		Cafeteria Fund		Capital Facilities Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Bond Interest and		Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	113,352	\$	160,370	\$	275,768	\$	1,447,933	\$ 780,1	38	\$ 4,342,518	\$	7,120,079
Accounts receivable		-		13,367		906,608		5,150	1,3	34	-		926,459
Due from other funds		-		-		123,186		-		-	-		123,186
Stores inventory		-		-		137,861		-		-	-		137,861
Total Assets	\$	113,352	\$	173,737	\$	1,443,423	\$	1,453,083	\$ 781,4	72	\$ 4,342,518	\$	8,307,585
LIABILITIES													
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	15,022	\$	82,321	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	97,343
Due to other funds		-		21,248		222,503		38,593		-	-		282,344
Unearned revenue		-		-		71,795		-		-	-		71,795
Total Liabilities		-		36,270		376,619		38,593		-	-		451,482
FUND BALANCES													
Non-spendable		-		-		137,861		-		-	-		137,861
Restricted		113,352		137,467		928,943		1,414,490	781,4	72	4,342,518		7,718,242
Total Fund Balances		113,352		137,467		1,066,804		1,414,490	781,4	72	4,342,518		7,856,103
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	113,352	\$	173,737	\$	1,443,423	\$	1,453,083	\$ 781,4		\$ 4,342,518	\$	8,307,585

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Stud	ent Activity Fund	D	Child evelopment Fund	Ca	feteria Fund	Ca	pital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Intere Redemption		lon-Major vernmental Funds
REVENUES												
Federal sources	\$	-	\$	40,792	\$	5,463,403	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$ 5,504,195
Other state sources		-		834,415		605,981		-	-	;	32,390	1,472,786
Other local sources		47,488		1,592		13,507		568,007	167,899	,	60,275	4,358,768
Total Revenues		47,488		876,799		6,082,891		568,007	167,899	3,5	92,665	11,335,749
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
Instruction		-		520,128		-		-	-		-	520,128
Instruction-related services												
Instructional supervision and administration		-		159,314		-		-	-		-	159,314
School site administration		-		82,955		-		-	-		-	82,955
Pupil services												
Food services		-		-		5,133,284		-	-		-	5,133,284
General administration												
All other general administration		-		36,440		183,309		16,713	-		-	236,462
Plant services		-		926		-		-	11,553		-	12,479
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		-		-		-		54,249	6,046		-	60,295
Ancillary services		42,884		-		-		-	-		-	42,884
Enterprise activities		-		-		2,236		-	-		-	2,236
Debt service												
Principal		-		-		-		-	740,916	3,8	00,000	4,540,916
Interest and other		-		-		-		-	269,652	10	06,343	375,995
Total Expenditures		42,884		799,763		5,318,829		70,962	1,028,167	3,9	06,343	11,166,948
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over Expenditures		4,604		77,036		764,062		497,045	(860,268)	(3	13,678)	168,801
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in		-		-		26		-	1,010,568		-	1,010,594
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		26		-	1,010,568		-	1,010,594
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		4,604		77,036		764,088		497,045	150,300	(3	13,678)	1,179,395
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated		108,748		60,431		302,716		917,445	631,172	4,6	56,196	6,676,708
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	113,352	\$	137,467	\$	1,066,804	\$	1,414,490	\$ 781,472	\$ 4,34	42,518	\$ 7,856,103

## LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2021

La Mesa-Spring Valley School District was formed in 1915 and is located in the eastern portion of San Diego County. The District encompasses approximately 26 square miles including the City of La Mesa, a portion of the City of El Cajon and the unincorporated communities of Mt. Helix, Casa de Oro, and Spring Valley. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District currently operates sixteen elementary schools (grades K-6), one middle school (grades 7-8), one literacy academy (grades K-3), and three specialty academies (grades 4-8).

	GOVERNING BOARD	
Member	Office	Term Expires
Rebecca McRae	President	December 2022
Chardá Bell-Fontenot	Vice President	December 2022
Megan Epperson	Clerk	December 2022
Minerva Martinez Scott	Member	December 2024
Sarah Rhiley	Member	December 2024

#### **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

David Feliciano Superintendent

Jennifer Nerat Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Ernesto Villanueva Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

Guido Magliato Assistant Superintendent, Learning Support

Deann Ragsdale Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Margaret Jacobsen Executive Director, Educational Services

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

#### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

#### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2021 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2021.

	AL	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 24,046,343
Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental		
Appropriations (CRRSA) Act - One-time Stipend	93.575	(40,792)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 24,005,551

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

#### **Schedule of Charter Schools**

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

#### Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

### Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

# **OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS**



#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board La Mesa-Spring Valley School District La Mesa, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2022.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

histy White, Inc.

San Diego, California January 20, 2022



### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board La Mesa-Spring Valley School District La Mesa, California

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, La Mesa-Spring Valley School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

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#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

hristy White, Inc.

San Diego, California January 20, 2022



### **REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE**

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board La Mesa-Spring Valley School District La Mesa, California

#### **Report on State Compliance**

We have audited La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, as identified below.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with those requirements.

#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

In our opinion, La Mesa-Spring Valley School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2021.

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#### **Procedures Performed**

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine La Mesa-Spring Valley School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter School	S
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Charter Schools	
Independent Study-Course Based; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

Christy White, Inc.

San Diego, California January 20, 2022

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified		
Internal control over financial re	porting:			
Material weakness(es) identif	ied?	No		
Significant deficiency(ies) ide	entified?	None Reported		
Non-compliance material to fina		No		
FEDERAL AWARDS				
Internal control over major prog	ram.			
Material weakness(es) identif		No		
Significant deficiency(ies) ide		None Reported		
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified		
	at are required to be reported in accordance			
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFF		No		
Identification of major programs				
	·			
AL Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
84.010	Title I, Part A			
84.425C, 84.425D	Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	-		
21.019	CRF: Learning Loss Mitigation	-		
10.558	CACFP	-		
Dollar threshold used to disting	uish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk au	ditee?	Yes		
-				
STATE AWARDS				
Internal control over state progr	ams:			
Material weaknesses identifie	No			
Significant deficiency(ies) ide	entified?	None Reported		
Type of auditors' report issued	on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified		

#### **FIVE DIGIT CODE**

20000 30000

### AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Inventory of Equipment

Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# FIVE DIGIT CODE

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **FIVE DIGIT CODE AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 10000 Attendance 40000 State Compliance **Charter School Facilities Programs** 42000 Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction 43000 60000 Miscellaneous 61000 **Classroom Teacher Salaries** 62000 Local Control Accountability Plan 70000 Instructional Materials 71000 **Teacher Misassignments** School Accountability Report Card 72000

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2020.